

DIRECTORY

Disaster Management Exhibition – 2014

Organized by
Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management
in collaboration with
UN-World Food Programme



DIRECTORY



DISASTER MANAGEMENT EXHIBITION 2014

DATE

December 03-04, 2014

VENUE

Sheikh Taimur Academic Blocks,
University of Peshawar

ORGANIZERS

Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management,
University of Peshawar, Pakistan

UN - World Food Programme

University of Peshawar, Pakistan



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Messages



Prof. Dr. Muhammad Rasul Jan
Vice Chancellor
University of Peshawar, Pakistan

Message From
THE VICE CHANCELLOR

University of Peshawar is one of the most established institutions in the country. It offers immense opportunities of education and research for the entire nation. The University is coping with the needs and challenges of the local and the global dynamics in the best possible way. We try our level best to address the social, academic, cultural and economic problems in a befitting manner. Our teaching faculty and researchers pride themselves in teaching and high standards of research. They have been contributing to the body of knowledge since the inception of University some six decades ago. We are confident that we will earn more laurels for our beloved university in challenging circumstances. We believe that our teaching faculty; our staff; and our students have the talent and the potential to play vital role. They can change our community; strengthen our society; develop our economy; and can keep us at par with the international community.

University of Peshawar has been holding numerous workshops, seminars, exhibitions and awareness sessions from time to time. Such activities play pivotal role in mass education and strengthening of society. Similarly, the CDPM, University of Peshawar, the pioneer Centre of its kind in Pakistan, plays excellent role in public awareness and education regarding disaster risk reduction. Holding the 6th National Disaster Management Exhibition-2014 at the University of Peshawar reflects the enthusiasm and the spirit of the CDPM for promoting the cause of disaster risk reduction in Pakistan. I congratulate the management of the CDPM for organizing awareness events both on and outside the campus. I expect that such activities will continue in future. I would like to see a strong collaboration of the Centre with the Disaster Management Authorities, United Nations, NGOs, Scientific Communities and expert from across the world. I believe that this is the best way to serve humanity. This is the right time for academia and leadership of Pakistan to demonstrate devotions, commitment and exploit their scientific knowledge and experience for disaster risk reduction.



Lola Castro
Representative and Country Director
United National World Food Programme, Pakistan

Message From

THE COUNTRY DIRECTOR UN-WORLD FOOD PROGRAMME

The United Nations World Food Programme is honored to sponsor the 6th Disaster Management Exhibition organized by the University of Peshawar's Center for Disaster Preparedness and Management (CDPM). Over the past several years WFP has undergone a paradigm shift placing greater focus on disaster preparedness, building resilience among Pakistan's vulnerable populations and rebuilding livelihoods, which are often critically and abruptly disrupted in the face of frequently occurring natural disasters.

The World Food Programme is the world's largest humanitarian agency fighting food insecurity worldwide. Preparing for and responding to disasters and investing in disaster readiness are key pillars of WFP's work which include providing emergency relief when disasters strike, helping devastated families recover and rebuild, and assisting vulnerable communities adapt to more difficult and uncertain times.

WFP Pakistan continues to build partnerships and coordinate interventions with the Government at the federal and provincial levels, UN agencies, NGOs and donors. WFP participates in key fora in Pakistan that support the preparedness and response to natural disasters and other crises as co-lead of the Food Security Cluster (with FAO), lead of the Logistics and the Emergency Telecommunications Clusters and a member of the Cash and Voucher Working Group. Under the One-UN Programme II, WFP chairs the Information and Communications Technology working group as well as leading Strategic Priority Area 6 (SPA-6), which addresses food and nutrition security for the most vulnerable, and is part of Strategic Priority Area 3, focused on enhancing national resilience to disasters, crises and external shocks.

Working with governments and partners, WFP uses its extensive experience, innovative programmes and risk reduction and disaster

preparedness tools to help the poor and vulnerable mitigate and adapt to food insecurity related consequences of climate change and natural disasters. In parallel, WFP works closely with government and local partners to build capacity among key stakeholders to prepare for and better predict the onset of natural hazards and respond quickly and effectively to alleviate their impact.

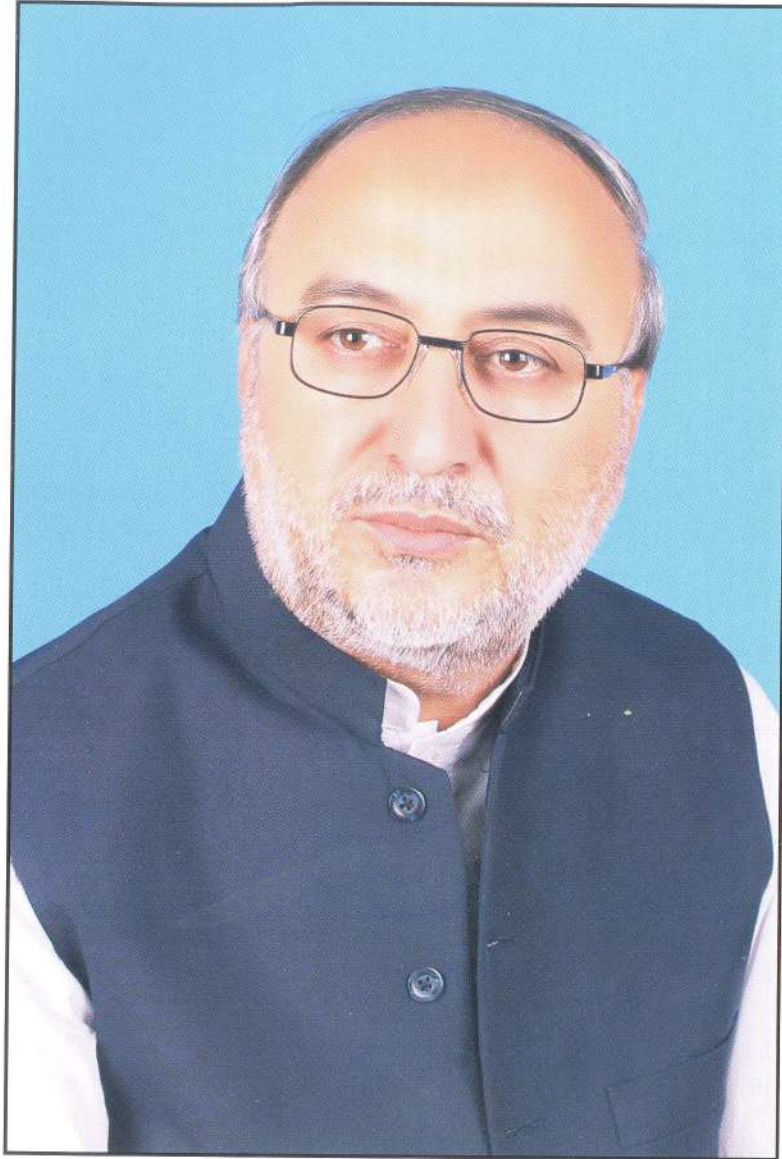
In cooperation with specialized local government institutions, disaster management approaches are being jointly implemented with government, and community based disaster risk reduction projects have successfully been put in place in KP, Sindh and FATA. These initiatives include: a DRM Readiness Initiative simulation conducted with NDMA, PDMA AND DDMA in Punjab to prepare community and provincial responders for early warning for floods and response mechanisms; capacity building; skills development; and construction of protection walls, check dams, slope stabilization and bio-engineering at the community level. Also in collaboration with NDMA and PDMA, a “Training of Trainers Module” (for teachers and students) has been developed along with awareness raising materials for vulnerable communities.

To contribute to response infrastructure and logistics, WFP has donated rescue boats and is in the process of constructing seven Humanitarian Relief Facilities (warehouses) to improve disaster management and response, each with storage capacity of 5,000 mt, and a series of smaller warehouses countrywide, with a particular focus on KP and FATA.

WFP's operations between 2013 and 2015, are reaching more than 7 million beneficiaries with 430,491 mt of food and US\$ 43.7 million in Cash and Vouchers for the most vulnerable in Pakistan's food insecure and crises affected areas. Out of the total number of beneficiaries reached under its current programme of work, 4.65 million beneficiaries are in KP and FATA.

WFP is pleased to continue its partnership with CDPM, and looking to the future to explore new ways and opportunities to increase awareness around the importance of effective and locally-led disaster management and furthering collective efforts for disaster preparedness

alongside community-based Disaster Risk Reduction, building the kind of resilience that will strengthen Pakistan's communities for the future.



Prof. Dr. Amir Nawaz Khan

Dean, Faculty of Life & Environmental Sciences
University of Peshawar, Pakistan

Message From

THE DEAN,

Faculty of Life and Environmental Sciences,
University of Peshawar, Pakistan

Our beloved country Pakistan, in the global context, is one of the hard hit nations of both the natural calamities and human-made disasters. Disasters resulting from variety of phenomena both in the mountainous region and plains are rendering tremendous loss of lives and properties. Ecological disturbances caused by climate change, fluctuations of glaciers, rapid deforestation, erosion and unprecedented population explosion are among the salient factors that are strongly escalating the risk of numerous disasters such as river and flash floods, landslides, Glacial Lake Outburst Floods (GLOFs), famine and drought etc. One glaring example of such disasters is the earthquake-2005 in which almost one lac people lost their lives and millions were rendered homeless. Similarly one of the most recent examples of such calamities is the Floods-2010. The Floods-2010 have been the worst in Pakistan's documented history. It has been estimated that the Floods-2010 caused a total damage of about US\$ 9.5 billion, which was one fourth (1/4th) of the country's financial outlay for the year 2010-11. The damage estimates have revealed that Floods-2010 have surpassed the three major disasters of 21st century, which are Indian Ocean Tsunami of 2004, Pakistan's Earthquake of 2005 and Haiti's Earthquake of 2010. Besides this Pakistan has suffered a lot due to compound and complex disasters of human origin. Being an immediate neighbor of Afghanistan, Pakistan in general and the Province of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa in particular, have suffered hugely because of frequent turbulences of intervention by the global powers and the subsequent influx of millions of refugees, frequent problems of internally displaced people (IDPs) and all sorts of terrorism and violence since 1979 till date. On the other hand the increasing risks of disasters, resultant destructions and casualties have greatly affected developmental projects, investment environment and the overall economy of Pakistan.

Keeping in view the escalating damages and frequency of disasters in the region, and the level of response by the public and private sectors one can readily point out that capacity of the responsible authorities and the general public is too low especially with reference to Disaster Risk Reduction education, which has not been given due priority in policy and decision making. Nevertheless, despite of this entire situation I feel content to state that there are a number of institutions, which are working positively in the field of Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR). With the grace of Allah, the Almighty, the Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management (CDPM) is amongst the pioneering institutions in this regard. I am really happy that this Center besides its own mandated tasks of teaching, research and policy advice is working appreciably to create awareness amongst the professionals and the common masses in order to build resilient Pakistan.

It is my proud privilege to announce that the CDPM in collaboration with United Nations World Food Program-Pakistan and Al-khidmat Foundation-Pakistan is organizing the 6th Disaster Management Exhibition-2014 at the University of Peshawar. The basic aim of this exhibition is to sensitize and create awareness among the general public particularly the vulnerable groups, the civil society and the key stakeholders about disaster preparedness and management. Hopefully this exhibition will coordinate the services and activities of relevant departments and organizations working in the field of disaster risk reduction (DRR). It will also provide an opportunity for different stakeholders to share ideas and exchange information regarding DRR. Consequently it will lead towards the welfare and benefit of poor disaster hit communities. In this scenario, that our beloved country in general and our beautiful province in particular, is suffering from variety of natural and human-made calamities, I strongly believe that if the Federal and Provincial Governments, Civil Society, International donor organizations, and academic institutions pool up all their resources and capacities they would be able to prevent and reduce damages from disasters. I am confident that these collaborative efforts will definitely play a pivotal role in ending up miseries and bringing happiness and joys to the least privileged strata and the vulnerable groups of the society.

It is really a special blessing of Allah, the Almighty that in spite of scarce human and physical resources the young and energetic team of the Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management (CDPM) in a short span of time has to its credit the initiation of multifarious events of national and international repute. All these endeavors are the results of a team work and hence, the credit goes to all members of the team. I am really thankful to all the students and members of the CDPM team as well as the organizing committee who worked day and night with dedication and enthusiasm to make this event a success. I am particularly grateful to the whole-hearted and sincere support of United Nations World Food Program-Pakistan and Al-khidmat Foundation-Pakistan without whom organizing this event would have been difficult for us. Lastly, my special and sincere thanks go to all the exhibitors, government and non-government organizations of the national and international repute for actively participating in this exhibition and making it really a fruitful event.



Mushtaq Ahmad Jan
Director CDPM,
University of Peshawar, Pakistan

Message From

THE DIRECTOR

Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management (CDPM),
University of Peshawar, Pakistan

Occurrence of disasters is a common phenomenon in the universe. Its intensity varies from region to region due to climatic variations. Almighty Allah has bestowed upon the human being the capabilities to face disasters with better management and to mitigate human sufferings. Our motive being Muslims, is very clear as we seek guidance from the Holy Quran which says, “A person who saves a single human life is as he saved lives of the all human beings” (Surah Almaidah, Verse 32). Therefore, we should work on this principle and try to accumulate our resources to provide better services for the cause of humanity in accordance with the teaching of Islam. The whole nation should concentrate on taking initiatives to reduce hazards which lead to disasters. We should create awareness among the masses about all kinds of hazards and disasters and educate them on the disaster preparedness, planning, mitigation and response.

The “Disaster Management Exhibition” being organized by this Centre is an important step towards achieving the goals. Attraction of numerous experts from academia and organizations is a clear signal that “We” are not only interested but capable also to take care of the challenges faced by the society. Holding of this exhibition is a step towards creation of awareness and sharing of our expertise with sister organizations. I hope the exhibition will develop coordination between organizations and institutions working in the field of Disaster preparedness and Management and will sensitize the common masses and particularly students of the University campus and Peshawar region regarding disaster preparedness and management.



Exhibitor's Profiles



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CENTRE FOR DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT (CDPM) UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

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Introduction

The risk of disasters and collateral destructions and casualties are on the rise at the global level. Ecological changes caused by the global warming, fluctuation of glaciers, rapid deforestation, erosion and unprecedented population explosion are among the salient factors that are strongly escalating the risk of numerous disasters such as river and flash floods, landslides, famine and drought etc. Pakistan, in the global context, is one of the hard hit countries by both natural calamities and man-made disasters. Being an immediate neighbor of Afghanistan, Pakistan in general and the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa in particular, has suffered hugely because of foreign invasions on Afghanistan and the subsequent influx of millions of refugees and all sorts of terrorism and violence since 1979. On the other hand the issue of frequent Internal Displacement has worsened the situation in the region.

It is indeed an important fact that only an educated community can develop disaster management plans in order to mitigate the human sufferings from natural and man-made calamities. Accepting this challenge, the internationally reputed University of Peshawar, which is the oldest university of the province, took the lead to establish the Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management (CDPM). The CDPM was formally inaugurated by the worthy chancellor of the University of Peshawar and the Governor of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa on

April 04, 2009. The CDPM is the first ever Centre of its kind in the public sector not only in Pakistan but in the whole South Asian region. The Centre has been established under the faculty of Life and Environmental Sciences of the University of Peshawar. The Centre with a record shortest span of time has successfully initiated the nation's first ever academic and professional degree programmes in Disaster Management (DPM). These programmes include BS (4 years) and M.Sc., MS/M.Phil leading to PhD and One Year Post Graduate Diploma in Disaster Management.

Besides, CDPM has been successfully organizing Disaster Management Exhibitions on annual basis since 2009. Different organizations working in the field of disaster management overwhelmingly participates in these exhibitions. The CDPM has also to its credit the organization of two International Disaster Management Conferences i.e. 2009 and 2010. The proceeding of both these conference have been documented and published. The Centre also organized more than 60 tailor-made courses on different aspect of disaster risk reduction for various professionals and volunteers of national & international organizations.

Vision

Our vision is to contribute towards national integration and consolidation and help overcome the sense of forlornness and alienation in vulnerable communities.

Mission

Our Commitment is to equip human beings with the knowledge and skills to minimize the damages and miseries of disasters.

Objectives of CDPM:

- To develop qualified human resource base in the field of Disaster Management.
- To produce knowledge base in Disaster Management in Pakistan.
- To help in reducing the impacts of disasters on people and their properties through effective disaster management strategies
- To impart training and enhance knowledge of the faculty, students, students, staff of relevant departments and selected citizens in

disaster risk reduction, preparedness and management.

- To provide policy guidelines for line agencies working in the field of disaster management.
- To develop Client Server Web based application for Planners and Researchers.

Academic and Training Programmes at CDPM

The initiation of variety of academic and training programme in the field of disaster preparedness and management made the CDPM one of the unique institutions of the country. At the very beginning, the Centre started the country's first ever one year postgraduate diploma programme in disaster preparedness and management in January 2009. In the sequel of postgraduate diploma programme the CDPM also holds the privilege of offering degree programme, i.e. BS (4 Years) and M.Sc. (Two Years), PGD, MS/M.Phil and Ph.D.

Degree/Certificate	Programme Duration
Bachelor	4- Years Bachelor in Disaster Management
Master	2- Years Master in Disaster Management
Diploma	1-Year post graduate diploma in Disaster Preparedness and Management
PhD/M.Phil./MS	Disaster Management
Certificate and Short Training Courses	For Professionals of Govt. and Non -Government Organizations

Bs (4 Years) in Disaster Management

The Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management, University of Peshawar offers a BS (4 years) degree programme in Disaster Management. A student is required to complete 136 credit hours. The normal duration of the completion of BS programme in Disaster Management is 08 Semesters. Beside taught course the student will also write a research report or conduct internship of 2+1 credit hour.

M.Sc. in Disaster Management

The CDPM hold the privilege to offer first ever M.Sc. programme Disaster Management not only in Pakistan but also in whole of South Asian region. A student is required to complete two years taught course under the University's conventional system. The normal duration of the

completion of M.Sc. in Disaster Management is 02 Years, i.e. Previous Year and Final Year. Beside the taught course students will also write a thesis as a partial fulfillment for the requirement of M.Sc. in Disaster Management.

One Year Postgraduate Diploma in Disaster Preparedness and Management

The Centre for Disaster Preparedness and Management started the country first ever postgraduate diploma programme in disaster preparedness and management. A total of 40 Students for the first batch of the diploma programme were admitted in December, 2008 and classes were commenced from January 2009. Till date the CDPM has successfully completed five batches of the diploma programme and admission for the 6th batch is in process.

Ms/M.Phil and Ph.D. in Disaster Management

The CDPM has also successfully launched MS/M.Phil and Ph.D. degree programme in Disaster Management. So-far, two batches have been enrolled in MS/M.Phil and PhD in Disaster Management. These research degree programmes focuses on the production of quality researchers in the field of disaster management, climate change adaptation and disaster risk reduction.

Linkages of CDPM

CDPM has academic linkages, advisory support and financial assistance with a variety of organizations and Institutions at national as well as international level.

- German Technical Cooperation (GIZ)
- National Disaster Management Authority
- Provincial Disaster management Authority
- FATA Disaster Managements Authority
- SAARC Disaster Managements Centre
- Kayoto University-Japan
- International Centre for Integrated Mountain Development (ICIMOD) Kathmandu, Nepal.

- Asian Disaster Preparedness Centre (ADPC) Bangkok, Thailand.
- University of Kiel, Germany.
- ACF-International Pakistan
- Ministry of Climate Change-Islamabad
- Disaster and Development Centre (DDC) Northumbria University, Newcastle, UK.
- Nepal Landslide Society (NELS) Kathmandu, Nepal.
- Japan Landslide Society (JLS) Tokyo, Japan.
- Asian Institute of Technology (AIT) Bangkok, Thailand
- Asian Universities Network on Environment and Disaster Management (AUEDM)

CDPM Future Plan

Following are major goals that the CDPM would achieve in future.

1. **Faculty Development of the Centre to the Level of International Standard**
 The faculty of the Centre will be brought up to the standard of international level. Different training and capacity building programmes/training/workshops shall be organized for the faculty. Research projects shall be facilitated for improvement in knowledge base in the field of Disaster Management. Some of the important activities are:
 - I. Discussion Corners between students and teachers
 - II. Monthly seminar with faculty
 - III. Workshops for teachers' capacity building
 - IV. Visits of faculty for different national and international events
2. **Academic-Industrial Linkages**
 - I. Establishment of linkages between the centre and relevant industries for building long term collaboration for sharing knowledge and practical skills in disaster management.
 - II. Arrangement of internship programmes for fresh

graduates of the Centre to provide them practical exposure to the field of disaster management.

III. Research projects of different line agencies working in the field of disaster management shall be acquired and help shall be provided in carrying out such projects.

IV. Visits of students to different line agencies and departments shall be arranged to improve their knowledge base and to provide them exposure to workplace.

3. Support to Government in establishing policies for Disaster Risk Reduction

I. To give government a long term (at least 30 years) disaster risk reduction policy through quality research output.

II. Provision of professional workforce to all line departments working in Disaster risk reduction in the next 10 years.

III. To help government introduce disaster risk reduction as a compulsory subject at primary level in all educational institution.

4. Capacity Building of the Stakeholders

I. Provision of training to professionals of different organizations.

II. Creation of awareness among intelligentsia and community through different awareness programmes e.g, conferences, workshops, and exhibitions.

5. Strengthening Academic Affairs of The Centre.

I. Improvement in the existing academic programmes and courses.

II. Significant growth in academic research shall be achieved.

III. Arrangement of Interdisciplinary workshops/conferences to strengthen academic activities.

IV. Establishment of required facilities for example labs etc, for research and practical activities.

V. Specialized equipment, i.e., Satellite Weather Radar System shall be established at the Centre to provide timely and quality information to the students regarding any meteorological hazard.

UNITED NATIONS' WORLD FOOD PROGRAM (WFP)

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Mission statement

WFP is the food aid arm of the United Nations system. Food aid is one of the many instruments that can help to promote food security, which is defined as access of all people at all times to the food needed for an active and healthy life. The policies governing the use of World Food Programme food aid must be oriented towards the objective of eradicating hunger and poverty. The ultimate objective of food aid should be the elimination of the need for food aid.

Targeted interventions are needed to help to improve the lives of the poorest people - people who, either permanently or during crisis periods, are unable to produce enough food or do not have the resources to otherwise obtain the food that they and their households require for active and healthy lives.

Consistent with its mandate, which also reflects the principle of universality, WFP will continue to:

- Use food aid to support economic and social development;
- Meet refugee and other emergency food needs, and the associated logistics support; and
- Promote world food security in accordance with the recommendations of the United Nations and FAO.

The core policies and strategies that govern WFP activities are to provide food aid:

- To save lives in refugee and other emergency situations;
- To improve the nutrition and quality of life of the most vulnerable people at critical times in their lives; and
- To help build assets and promote the self-reliance of poor people and communities, particularly through labor-intensive works programmes.

Strategic Plan

The mission of WFP is to **end global hunger**. Every day, WFP works worldwide to ensure that no child goes to bed hungry and that the poorest and most vulnerable, particularly women and children, can access the nutritious food they need.

WFP supports national, local and regional food security and nutrition plans. It partners with other United Nations agencies, international organizations, non-governmental organizations, civil society and the private sector to enable people, communities and countries to meet their own food needs.

WFP's Strategic Plan for 2014-2017 provides the framework for WFP's operations and its role in achieving a world with zero hunger. It continues WFP's focus on food assistance for the poorest and most vulnerable women, men, boys and girls.

The Plan lays out four objectives:

1. Save lives and protect livelihoods in emergencies;
2. Support food security and nutrition and (re)build livelihoods in fragile settings and following emergencies;
3. Reduce risk and enable people, communities and countries to meet their own food and nutrition needs;
4. Reduce under nutrition and break the intergenerational cycle of hunger.

WFP's core strengths

People: WFP's greatest strength is its dedicated women and men working around the world who provide access to nutritious food and promote lasting solutions, often under difficult conditions where security threats and risks to personal safety are considerable.

Presence: Present in nearly 80 countries, WFP has the global footprint, deep field presence and local knowledge and relationships necessary to provide access to nutritious food and contribute to lasting solutions, especially in many of the world's most remote and fragile areas.

Partnerships: WFP's operational and knowledge partnerships with other United Nations agencies, international organizations, non-governmental organizations (NGOs), civil society and the private sector, including through the logistics, food security, emergency telecommunications and other clusters, bring complementary skills and capacities necessary to ensure access to nutritious food while contributing to durable solutions in diverse contexts.

Performance: Responding to humanitarian emergencies is and will continue to be a primary focus for WFP's dedicated staff worldwide. WFP has unparalleled expertise in operational services, as well as the unique capacity and global reach to quickly assess needs, connect people, inform choices and effectively mobilize appropriate response tools to provide access to nutritious food while delivering essential support to other actors, including through vulnerability analysis and mapping (VAM), procurement, logistics, aviation services and information and communications technology (ICT).

AL-KHIDMAT FOUNDATION-PESHAWAR

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Introduction

Al-Khidmat Foundation is one of the leading, non-profit and independent organizations, wholly dedicated to humanitarian services. Though Al-Khidmat Foundation officially registered in 1990 as an NGO, it has an extensive record of public service, going as far back as the creation of Pakistan. Providing shelter, feeding and treating refugees, and rescuing victims has always been the hallmark of Al-Khidmat Foundation.

Al-Khidmat workers and volunteers continue to work tirelessly for providing relief to affected people throughout the country. Their dedicated services include Rescue & Relief, Rehabilitation and Development, Education, Healthcare, Community Services, Microfinance, and of course, Care for Orphans.

Services

Al-Khidmat Foundation carries out its interventions in the following Areas:

Disaster Management

Al-Khidmat has considered this humongous humane challenge quite important and has reacted to the emergencies in an opportune and arranged way. Observing the prompt necessities, fleeting requirements and lifelong needs of calamity influenced individuals, Al-Khidmat has subdivided its Disaster Management Program (ADMP) into three subdivisions.

- a) Rescue
- b) Relief
- c) Rehabilitation

So as to better supervise help function. Al-Khidmat Disaster Management Units (ADMU) have been set up at the local level, directly overseen by Al-Khidmat Foundation. While Al-Khidmat Disaster Management Center (ADMC) gives unified control and administration of all safeguard, help and recovery functions.

- **Rescue** –Evacuation of dead and harmed individuals and their transportation to medical services as well as to their homes in different urban communities or villages. In addition, procurement and validation of on the spot crisis restorative forethoughts for the harmed.
- **Relief** –Provision of food, therapeutic anticipation and to influence individuals in coordinated effort. 2000 Alkhidmat volunteers gave 98,540 sustenance bundles, clean water, garments & apparel, sleeping material, crisply cooked dishes for 1,500 individuals for every day and many tarpaulins, tents and meds to over 10 million individuals throughout seismic earthquakes and surges with the help of government, non-government and international NGOs.
- **Rehabilitation** –Repair and development of houses and other group offices for influenced families and procurement of all necessities which will help them restart their routine life. Alkhidmat has manufactured and given over 2,069 houses to surge and shudder influenced families till date.

Health

Alkhidmat foundation has always served the poorest and neediest segment of Pakistan's society. Keeping all these circumstances in view, Alkhidmat foundation started many project with an aim to improve health facilities for the public. Alkhidmat foundation has devised a health program according to which a specific vision for health has been followed. In that context, Alkhidmat has been establishing and administrating many hospitals and healthcare centers across Pakistan. Alkhidmat Foundation also regularly sets up medical camps in

rural and semi-rural areas all across Pakistan so that people could benefit healthcare facilities at their door steps. Many of these temporary health camps are also set in disaster-ridden areas, where immediate medical assistance is required.

In the field of health, Alkhidmat Foundation is operating 20 health units (13 health clinics, 4 hospitals, 2 diagnostic centers, 1 Dispensary) in remote and far-flung areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

Education

“Live as if you were to die tomorrow. Learn as if you were to live forever.”

The Holy Prophet Mohammad (S.A.W.W) said, “The acquisition of knowledge is a duty incumbent on every Muslim, male and female.” He also said, “The ink of the scholar is more holy than the blood of martyr.” Education is the only solution for the humanity to prosper, with the aim to help every child to get education, Al- khidmat Foundation has taken lead among all its competitors by providing education kits, free schools, education and rehabilitation support to the destitute.

Al-Khidmat's helpful undertakings encircle all matters and issues relating to educational scenario in Pakistan. Al-Khidmat's vocational projects give professional and in addition formal instructive aid and offices paying little mind to age, sex or area. Truth be told, completely understanding that training not just counteracts wrongdoing, yet that it can likewise a block by empowering jobless individuals to procure a living through hard function. Al-Khidmat has headed off the extent that to undertake different instructive systems even in Pakistan's jails. Al-Khidmat has been working enthusiastically to expand the ability level in the nation by securing and giving the following facilities.

In the field of education, Alkhidmat Foundation is operating 29 educational institutions (23 schools, 2 hostels, 1 skill development center and 3 child protection center) in remote and far-flung areas of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

Water Filtration Plant

Al-Khidmat Foundation has been providing pure, safe, and healthy drinking water to many people through its water purification plants.

The objective is to provide filtered, safe, and hygienic water to the masses.

Hand Pumps

Many people in Pakistan rely on open water sources that have no cover. An unsealed water source means water becomes dirty and contaminated, leading to the spread of disease.

In more flat fertile areas hand pumps are ideal for villages and households. Surface sources are common, so only a basic pump suffices for poor families trying to meet their water requirements. Suction hand pumps are cheap, easy to install and maintain. Maintenance is done at the village level without the need for specialist parts. The pumps are made from cast iron.

Water Well

Deepwater wells provide their users with waters for years and years. In rural areas they are a lifeline for the inhabitants as they may be the only source of potable water. Al-Khidmat Foundation constructs wells in several part of the countriesspecially in THAR (Sind). When Al-Khidmat installs wells we also train their users to maintain them, and educate them on how to keep the water supply clean and free of pollutants. Providing water in this way is a very good way of offering a SadaqahJariyah (continuous charity) as the donor can expect to reap Allah's blessings for as long as the well supplies water.

Water Supply Schemes

The distribution of water is always troublesome in hilly and remote areas. To remedy the situation a reservoir of water is created mechanically and stored at a place where it could be easily disseminated to the required population. The scheme also involves the development of new water resources so that demand could be met along seamless provision lines.

Alkhidmat Orphan Care Program

The purpose of Orphan Support Program is to provide support to the children who lost either one or both of their parents, and hence a vital source of support. Currently the Orphan Care Program is successfully run in all provinces of Pakistan including Azad Jamu Kashmir,

GilgitBaltistan, and FATA. Rs. 90 million have been disbursed through 17 clusters, which are assisting 3000 children. Each cluster is administrated by an in-charge who, along with local community looks after the needs of the children. Alkhidmat Foundation intends to add another 7,000 orphan children to the pool.

Aghosh Alkhidmat Peshawar

Aghosh Alkhidmat Peshawar is an Orphanage build to provide standard Boarding and Lodging facility to Poor and deserving Orphans. Its civil work and Furnishing has been completed which meets the modern requirement. This Orphanage has the capacity to accommodate 100 Orphans whom will be prepared to compete with the outer world.

Alkhidmat Rozgar Program:

The mission is to implement an Islamic Micro-finance model is to eradicate poverty and to improve the living standards of the deprived class of this society in the dreadful economic calamity by providing them interest free loans. The ambition of the program is to serve the humanity which itself is a reflection of the Al-Khidmat's slogan. The organization will try to enhance the Islamic practices of banking to flourish the concept throughout the country enabling people to sustain ruthless economic condition.

Under this program interest-free loans with flexible return period are granted to low-income families and individuals to help them establish or strengthen their own small businesses. After the amount is returned, it is granted to other deserving people. In this way the amount keeps circulating in the society and benefits more and more people.

The average loan amount is PKR 30,000.

Community Services

Human beings are facing multifarious problems these days. The major proportion of population all around the world confronts economic and social problems like dearness, poverty, ignorance, and lack of basic facilities etc.

If measured from the standard of Human Development Index Pakistan faces severe problems in terms of health, education and income. The sad fact are manifested from the fact that Pakistan ranks at 145th in the

human development index and almost 50% of Pakistan's population is deprived of basic of very basic health and education facilities. According to the HDR report another 11% of the population is in an immediate threat of multidimensional poverty and 27.1% of the population lives under severe poverty conditions.

Alkhidmat Foundation has a vision of a safe, educated and healthy community. Over its many years of service, Alkhidmat is known to identify and address the community issues of Pakistan Alkhidmat is working on a mission of harmonious community possessing good health, education, awareness, and a responsible attitude towards the overall progress of Pakistan.

Al-Khidmat Foundation launches the following activities to help the poor, needy at different occasions. To enhance these activities assistance is required in the following projects. Details are as follows.

- **Ramazan Relief**

Ramazan is a month of patience and sacrifice and poor people are lacking to provide basic necessities to their families. Relief is provided to them in shape of

Food packages

- Iftar dinners
- Fitrana distribution
- **Zabiha/Qurbani**

Qurbani is performed in poor and needy communities on behalf of donors around the globe and meat is distributed so that the deprived can also share the enjoyments of EID-ul-AZHA.

- **Winter package**

Winter package is distributed among the people of mountainous areas where the winter season is very harsh.

The package set includes.

- Quilt
- Cotton matrices

Pillow

- **Ambulance Service**

Ambulances play a major role in mitigating the severity of accidents or disasters. Provision of ambulance services will be a remarkable contribution towards mitigation of disasters and accidents. Alkhidmat Foundation KP have a fleet of 56 Ambulances in the Province.

- **Construction of Masajid**

Al-Khidmat Foundation undertakes construction of Masajid in such areas as an important activity and relieves the people of their prayer tension with active support of its generous donors.

Expenses on construction of one Masjid range from PKR 300,000 to 800,000.

- **Wheelchairs Distribution**

Free wheelchairs help the poor disabled people to great extent in moving around without being dependent on others.

- **Food package project**

Al-Khidmat Foundation provides food packages to poor & needy people in disasters.

The Food package includes Flour, Rice, Sugar, Tea, Cooking Oil, Beans etc.

Help in Marriage

Al-Khidmat Foundation, with support of its generous donors, assists poor people in their marriages. So far, hundreds of poor couples have married in mass marriage ceremonies under the auspices of Al-Khidmat Foundation.

AGENCY FOR TECHNICAL COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT (ACTED INTERNATIONAL)

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Introduction

ACTED is an international non-governmental organization with headquarters in Paris, founded in 1993. Independent, private and not-for-profit, ACTED respects a strict political and religious impartiality and operates according to principles of non-discrimination and transparency. ACTED's mission is to support vulnerable disaster- and conflict-affected populations, and to accompany them in rebuilding their lives. ACTED seeks to cover a wide-range of activities from emergency and recovery programmes to long-term development interventions.

ACTED has been providing relief and development services in Pakistan since 1993 and ACTED signed a memorandum of understanding with the Pakistan Ministry of Economic Affairs & Statistics in 2007. Building on this long term presence, ACTED has developed extensive experience in programmes focusing on emergency response (through distributions of shelter, food, household and hygiene NFIs), local governance (in particular community mobilization and Community Organization (CO) creation and empowerment), livelihoods support (including assistance for income generation and diversification initiatives, agriculture and vocational training), community-based rehabilitation and construction (including transitional and one-room shelters, water supply schemes, sanitation facilities, disaster mitigation works, productive infrastructure, access roads and bridges), health and hygiene (health and hygiene promotion, support to community health workers) as well as providing monitoring,

evaluation support to a wide range of stakeholders in Pakistan.

Currently, ACTED employs over 200 staff members and has offices in Lower Dir, Peshawar and Kohat in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KPK) and Shikarpur, Mirpur Khas, Sanghar and Umerkot in Sindh. The country office is in Islamabad.

ACTED has extensive experience working in KP and FATA, from the 2005 earthquake response in remote areas of the Kaghan Valley, followed by the IDP response since 2008, with the provision of significant emergency assistance to IDPs in camps and host families followed by emergency and early recovery operations in return areas. In recent years, ACTED has provided support from three bases across the region:

- 1) Lower Dir base: assisted in Lower Dir, Upper Dir, Swat and Bajaur;
- 2) Peshawar base: assisted in Peshawar; Nowshera, Mohmand and Khyber;
- 3) Kohat base: assisted in Kohat, Hangu, Kurram and Orakzai.

Interventions have included single and integrated sectoral responses in food security, livelihoods, agriculture, WASH, education, community restoration, shelter and non-food items, disaster risk reduction and vocational training. In recent months, ACTED have provided WASH, food security and shelter/NFI support in Kohat and Hangu, as well as agricultural and (soon to start) WASH assistance in Kurram Agency.

In the Northern parts of the country, a recent humanitarian crisis started in March 2013, following fighting has caused important displacement of population. This is the latest displacement in a wider IDPs crisis.

ASIAN MEDICAL STUDENTS ASSOCIATION OF PAKISTAN

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Introduction

AMSA was officially founded in Manilla, Philippines in 1985 and from this day has been an active, dynamic and exciting student-led, not-for-profit, non-political organization.

Today, with members and friends spanning the globe AMSA has an active student-exchange program, regularly undertakes national and regional projects, provides humanitarian assistance at times of need, produces quarterly student publications and liaises with the World Health Organization, the Association of Medical Doctors of Asia and many other international and regional medical student organizations. Since it was first established in 1979 and the first conference was held in Mahidol University of Thailand the Asian Medical Students' Conferences have been a key focus for the organization. Now held biannually in January/February and July/August these events see over 700 students from across the world combine to learn from each other, teach their fellow peers and develop lasting friendships.

Vision

Our vision can be summarized by three words: Knowledge, Action and Friendship

Knowledge: we promote scientific activity to increase and expand our knowledge to become qualified medical professionals in the future.

Action: as medical students, we are concerned to the community around us and try to do something for the benefit and improvement of our community.

Friendship: as future doctors, we're trying to build and maintain a good relationship among our counterparts around Asia-Oceania

ACF INTERNATIONAL, PAKISTAN

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ACF International is comprised of Action Against Hunger (USA), Action Contre la Faim (France), Accion Contra el Hambre (Spain), Action Against Hunger (UK), and Action Contre la Faim (Canada). All organizations share the same name, logo, mandate, and charter of principles and combine human, financial and technical resources to strengthen their capacities to cater for the most vulnerable populations. ACF's mandate is to save lives by combating hunger, disease, caused by crises threatening the lives of men, women, and children. ACF's technical expertise lies in nutrition, food security and livelihoods, disaster risk management, and water and sanitation interventions.

ACF International Charter

ACF is committed to principled humanitarian action as outlined in our International Charter of Principles.

Independence

ACF acts according to its own principles in order to maintain its moral and financial independence. ACF's actions are not defined in terms of domestic or foreign policies, nor does the organization act in the interest of any government.

Neutrality

ACF maintains strict political and religious neutrality. Nevertheless, ACF can denounce human rights violations it witnesses as well as obstacles put in the way of its humanitarian activities.

Non-Discrimination

A victim is a victim. ACF rejects all discrimination based on ethnicity, nationality, opinion, race, religion, sex, or social class.

Free and Direct Access to Victims

ACF demands free access to victims and direct control of its programs. ACF uses all means available to achieve this goal, and will denounce and act against obstacles that prevent the organization from doing so. ACF also verifies the allocation of its resources in order to ensure that they reach those individuals for whom they are destined. Under no circumstances can partners working together with or alongside ACF become the ultimate beneficiaries of ACF's aid programs.

Professionalism

To maximize efficiency and use of resources, ACF assesses the assessment, conception, management, and realization of its programs on the highest professional standards and its years of experience.

Transparency

ACF is committed to respecting a policy of transparency and disclosure for its beneficiaries, donors, and partners by making available all information on the allocation and management of its funds, and by providing independent verification of its good management.

The following values also underpin all our work:

Responding to needs; ACF is a needs-driven organisation with a primary focus of targeting the most vulnerable groups, especially women, the elderly and children. All our activities aim to maintain and/or restore human dignity.

Impact & results; Our work is solution-centred and results-focused which holds ourselves and others accountable.

Community focused; At the core of all our programmes lies a community-focused approach. We empower and develop the capacity of local communities through the sharing of expertise and encouraging local level involvement and decision making.

Comprehensive approach; We adopt an integrated approach incorporating nutrition, care practices, food security, water, sanitation and hygiene along with disaster risk reduction in order to treat malnutrition and tackle the underlying causes of hunger by building resilience of communities.

ACF International Pakistan

ACF International started working in Pakistan in 1979 and scaled up its operations for various humanitarian situations over the years, most recently following the 2010 and 2011 floods. In 2007 ACF re-registered with the Government of Pakistan and signed its current Mou. Over years of experience ACF has developed a fully integrated strategy, whereby the links between nutrition, food security and livelihoods, and water and sanitation are strengthened to achieve a higher level of impact for the population at risk of malnutrition. ACF uses an approach which allows it to focus on early recovery and emergency scenarios at the same time, responding to chronic and acute needs in the sectors of nutrition, food security and livelihoods and water and sanitation. This integrated approach has proven to be most effective in addressing the needs of the most vulnerable populations ACF has been operational in Dadu and Thatta districts of Sindh Province since 2007 and in the Districts of Nowshera, Charsadda and Lower Dir in Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa since 2010. ACF expanded its operations in 2011-12 to District TM Khan and Badin districts of Sindh province and District Mardan and Kohat in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province. ACF plans to continue in its current area of operations and will assist with Disaster Risk Management, food security and livelihoods, water and sanitation, and Nutrition programs.

Nutrition

Treatment and Prevention of Acute Malnutrition & Community Mobilization: ACF runs nutritional therapeutic life saving and supplementary activities (OTPs, SCs and SFP's) in highly affected and underserved areas. ACF ensures adequate access to treatment for severely malnourished children while provisions are made for moderately malnourished children under 5 and malnourished PLWs. ACF involves the targeted communities in the detection and referral of acutely malnourished children. Community volunteers are identified, trained and supported for the detection and referral of acutely malnourished children. In Addition, ACF works on Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF), Breastfeeding and Behavior Change and Communication (BCC) programs.

Food Security and Livelihoods

ACF focuses on improving the access of vulnerable households to sufficient, safe and nutritious food and on strengthening livelihoods in order to improve household food security, capacity to generate income and longer term resilience.

ACF complements food security and livelihoods interventions with nutrition awareness sessions, through which beneficiaries are sensitized on the principles and prevention of under nutrition and on common practices that improve the food and nutrition security of household members.

Water and Sanitation

ACF will continue to focus on developing the access to adequate quantity of safe drinking water, hygiene promotion and sanitation and recovery and, if necessary, emergency response activities to meet the needs of the populations in its areas of operations. ACF priorities concern returnee recovery activities. ACF will continue to play a proactive role in state and national level coordination mechanisms to enhance the coordination among and contribute to the overall learning and policy setting agenda at the national level.

Disaster Risk Management (DRM)

ACF mainstreams DRR/DRM into its Nutrition, WASH, and FSL projects through community trainings, Participatory Capacity and Vulnerability Assessments, and developing community management committees who have the capacity to develop disaster management plans. Additionally, through the support of the Royal Norwegian Embassy, ACF successfully implemented a comprehensive DRM project in 2012 in four districts of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Province and is currently implementing the second phase of the project. The project combines community capacity building, mitigation measures, preparedness, and government linkage with the aim of building resilient communities and support systems that can cope with future disasters.

CENTRE FOR BIOTECHNOLOGY AND MICROBIOLOGY, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

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Vision

To explore new horizon in Biotechnology and Microbiology through education and research, and realizing the potential of Biotechnology and Microbiology for the creation of goods and services of value to society.

Mission

The Centre has been serving as a teaching, training and research pivot in Biotechnology and Microbiology for the province. The institute is aware of the importance and applicability of Biotechnology and Microbiology and therefore will continue to play its catalytic role by motivating its students in their scholarly pursuits. We will prepare trained biotechnologists and microbiologists able to approach problems with creativity and flexibility. A key element in this preparation is active participation in the process of scientific discovery. The institute will make scholarly scientific and technological advances that will address the changing needs of society.

Objective

- To prepare students to function as scientists and educators in a broad array of biological disciplines.
- To create a permanent platform for generating trained manpower by imparting education and conducting research on the local problems.
- To collaborate with biotechnology firms, secondary schools, universities and public agencies and associations, and lay the groundwork to prepare the workforce for new biotech jobs.
- To serve as a launching pad for devising, using, and managing

biotechnology tools for generation of products, processes and technologies.

- To augment the productivity, efficiency and cost effectiveness of food and agriculture, health and medicine, environment friendly technologies, bio conservation and bio industrial development.

COMMUNITY APPRAISAL AND MOTIVATION PROGRAMME (CAMP)

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History and Background

Community Appraisal and Motivation Programme (CAMP) is a national non-profit and non-governmental organisation established and registered in May 2002, under the Societies Act of 1860 (**Registration No. 192/5/2946**). We work with some of the most underprivileged communities in Pakistan; responding to emergencies, improving access to quality health and education, creating livelihood opportunities and working closely with communities and government departments to promote human rights, peace and security.

Our approach is based on developing close cooperation with local communities and relevant stakeholders from the start, and relies on detailed assessments to identify and prioritise needs of communities we work with. We are committed to improving the health indicators for communities, while addressing the underlying causes: poverty and poor nutrition; limited access to clean water and sanitation; little or no understanding of basic health and hygiene; high levels of endemic disease; gender inequity; and access to resources within the public health system (infrastructure, equipment, personnel and drugs).

Our Vision: A peaceful, prosperous and progressive Pakistan where all human beings live a secure life with dignity and respect.

Our Mission: To promote an enabling environment where people have equitable access to quality services.

Our Strategy: Promoting effective partnership among institutions across Pakistan and internationally, through dialogue, building common perspectives, promoting and coordinating activities for

bringing sustainable peace, harmony, prosperity and sustainable development to the marginalized/underprivileged and vulnerable communities.

CAMP has a long history of working in the **Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA)** and **Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province (KP)**, and is considered an icon of trust and reliability within the rural and tribal communities. We have expanded our research and advocacy work to **Balochistan, Punjab and Sindh provinces** in 2012, further strengthening our network across the country.

Our technical expertise and capacity to manage projects has helped build a good working relationship with the government departments and won the support and trust of the local communities. Moreover, our existence in the region as a leading indigenous NGO is recognized due to our knowledge base on local dynamics and culture, transparent and efficient project management policies, rapport within the local population and representative community institutions and good working relationship with the government.

CAMP – A Multidisciplinary Team of Professionals

CAMP is proud to have on board a multidisciplinary team of professionals which include Engineers, Doctors, Economists, Lawyers, Social Scientists, Community Development Specialists and Finance Specialists etc. Our team members have rich experience in several areas including research, programme design and implementation, NGO management, and monitoring and evaluation. The operational teams, mostly from the local communities, are well qualified and fully equipped with tools of social mobilization, community development, negotiation and public relation skills, community participation, etc.

Standard Operating Systems of CAMP

CAMP operates under well defined Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) including Human Resource, Finance and Administrative Policies that provide guidelines for the smooth implementation of organizational activities and promote good governance. An Internal Control Financial System is established by CAMP Management to ensure transparency and adherence to management policies, safeguard

the assets and secure as far as possible complete and accurate records.

CAMP's Donors

Over the years, CAMP has maintained a very good working relationship with local, national and international donors. Currently, CAMP has partnerships with donors, funding organizations, charities and campaigns in Pakistan as well as abroad. They include: Government of the Federal Republic of Germany, Embassy of the Federal Republic of Germany, FATA Development Authority (FDA), British High Commission Islamabad, and USAID through FDP – LD International Rescue Committee (IRC), IDEALS (UK), German Development Bank (KfW), GIZ, UNDP and CIDA. We have also been receiving support from DFID through the British High Commission Islamabad, Embassy of the Federal Republic of Germany, HELP (Germany), British Foreign Commonwealth Office, European Union, CIDA Islamabad, Ploughshares Fund (US), International Disaster Emergency Aid and Long-term Support (IDEALS UK), UNDP, USAID through RTI/FHI, USAID through AED, USAID through ED Links, USAID through PSDW-HPP, IDEALS (UK), Leonard Cheshire International (UK), Charney Research US, and Safer World (UK).

Social Asset of CAMP- Local Partners

CAMP has a viable network of local partners and volunteers within FATA, KP and Balochistan. It is the policy of CAMP to implement all projects with the help of community organizations and volunteers to ensure sustainability and transparency of projects. Therefore communities in target villages are motivated and facilitated to form organizations which jointly implement projects with CAMP's field teams. The capacity of these local organizations is enhanced through an appropriately designed training package.

Our team has trained over 200 civil society organisations in diverse topics including Human Rights and Advocacy; Conflict Resolution; Communication and Networking skills etc.

Setup and Implementation Capacity

CAMP has fully functional head office based in Islamabad, with a regional office in Peshawar and field offices in Dir and Kohat. These offices are equipped with staff, equipment and necessary software

which are needed for the smooth transaction of various activities of the organization.

PROGRAMME AREAS

A. Emergency Response

In times of natural disasters and mayhem, CAMP has been providing emergency relief and rehabilitation services across Pakistan. In the immediate aftermath of the October 2005 earthquake that ravaged Northern Pakistan and Kashmir, CAMP provided emergency services and during rehabilitation phase also set a Disability Centre and a village for the earthquake affected in Mansehra.

During the largest IDP crisis in the country, CAMP provided health care services through static and mobile clinics in Peshawar and Nowshera districts. Since 2009, CAMP is providing primary health care services to IDPs at Jalozei camp, in Nowshera district of KP.

During the floods emergency in 2010, CAMP implemented more than ten emergency relief and rehabilitation projects including health, livelihood, education, clean drinking water, rehabilitation of houses and community infrastructure.

B. Research, and Advocacy

CAMP has undertaken over 40 qualitative and quantitative social studies on social, political, governance and peace and security issues in Pakistan. CAMP's most valued products are the series of "Understanding FATA: Attitudes towards governance, Religion, and Society in Pakistan's Federally Administered Tribal Areas"; "Understanding Justice Systems of KP, Balochistan and FATA: The Pakhtun Perspective"; "Understanding Jirga: Legality and Legitimacy in Pakistan's Federally Administered Tribal Areas"; "Assessing the Legal Environment in Pakistan for Registered Afghans" under the Rule of Law Programming in Pakistan; "Analysis of Jirga in Malakand division of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa", and a Research Study on the Institutionalization of Community Organisations in Districts of Upper and Lower Dir. All of these are available at www.understandingfata.org and www.camp.org.pk.

In early 2014, CAMP will launch two most recent research studies on

“Honour Crimes in Pakistan” and Mapping the informal justice systems in Punjab, Sindh and Balochistan”. Both research studies were based on perception surveys, roundtable discussions and key informant interviews.

C. Sustainable Development

Since its inception, CAMP has been implementing a wide-range of projects on education, primary health and community development; aiming towards poverty alleviation and sustainable development. Projects have focused on building and rehabilitating community physical infrastructure, primary education and adult literacy particularly for women, primary health care (preventive and curative), and clean water supply & sanitation in FATA & KP. CAMP conducts baseline surveys and develops village plans in consultation with local communities. Ongoing projects include rehabilitation of health facilities in floods affected districts of KP, and revitalisation of health facilities in FATA.

D. Promoting Human Rights

Promoting human rights and liberties is one of CAMP's core programming areas, and a major cross-cutting theme in all our work. Our human rights work involves empowering communities to claim their fundamental rights, guiding them to advocate for these rights, and creating dialogue between communities and key stakeholders for realization of these rights. Through our programmes we speak out for some of the most vulnerable groups including people with disabilities, and raise our voice on the issue of human trafficking (especially women and children), governance reforms in FATA, and the right to basic services for all.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

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Vision

The Department looks up for creating mass awareness and understanding about fundamental processes that contribute to environmental pollution and natural resource degradation and train human resource to combat pollution and ensure sustainable development in the country.

Objectives

- To cater formal education, research and training in the field of Environmental Sciences at BES, MSc, M.Phil. and PhD levels through course work and research.
- To study and explain the significant role of biodiversity in establishing ecological balance, and deal with different types of ecosystems, food chains and webs, productivity, biomass, and carrying capacity of ecosystems.
- To provide a good research environment and publish research findings in international and national journals.
- To work for water and natural resource conservation, watershed management, and deal with the impact of ethical principles in the conservation of wild life, biodiversity and environment.
- To offer short and long term certificate and diploma level courses and training sessions in the field of Environmental Sciences for mid carrier professionals working in public and private sector organizations.

- To provide professional services such as special trainings, tests/analyses, surveys, certification and consultancies to the manufacturing and processing industry, NGOs, CBOs, engineering firms and private consultants in all related fields of environment

DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

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Vision

The Instiute of Geography, Urban and Regional Planning is to be a model department primarily focused on enhancement and sustenance of an academic environment conducive to excellence in teaching, research and community service.

Mission

Our mission is to provide stimulating and practical programmes of education and training in the field of Geography, Urban and Regional Planning relevant to the need of the society at large in today's rapidly changing world.

The education and training imparted to the students in this department are aimed at bringing positive change in the student's approaches and making them more useful citizens so that they could contribute in the uplift of the environment and wellbeing of the humanity of the world in general and that of Pakistan in particular.

Objectives

- Replenishment and renovation of the Petrographic laboratory
- Up-gradation and renovation of the Thin Section making laboratory
- Provision of state-of-the-art teaching/learning facilities in the Classrooms/laboratories
- Streamlining and further developing the MS/Ph.D. program

DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

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Mission

The Department of Geology is one of the leading departments in the field of Earth Sciences in Pakistan both in terms of teaching and academic research. We aim to provide state of the art teaching and research facilities to produce professionally sound graduates at the highest national and international levels of excellence for academic institutions, national and international oil companies and mineral exploration/mining and related organizations.

Objective

The Department of Geology was established in 1959. Since its establishment the primary function of the Department has been on campus teaching along with research in various fields of Earth Sciences. To foster the student growth we provide high quality learning environment that is rigorous, challenging and professional. Such kind of environment helps in the personal and professional grooming of the students. Currently the Department of Geology is running BS (4years), MS/MPhil and PhD degree programs. These degree programs are aimed to promote the scientific knowledge about the earth and its mineral resources. To enhance the academic and professional excellence of the students, seminars are frequently arranged where the professionals with higher achievements are invited to deliver lectures. Along with teaching a particular emphasis is given to the field work of geologically significant terrains of the country.

Vision

Building on the existing strengths, the Department of Geology is

bridging a link between the academia and industry through various national and international conferences, seminars and workshops on regular basis. Such kind of link will help in the academic and professional growth of the students and the faculty members of the department. The highly qualified faculty members of the department are engaged in meaningful curriculum assessment and improvement, grant writing, research and professional activities.

DEPARTMENT OF PSYCHOLOGY UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

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Introduction

University of Peshawar was established on 30th October, 1950. The Department of Psychology came into existence in 1964. Professor Dr. Shahabuddin Muhammad Moghni, laid the foundations of Psychology Department as its first Professor and Chairman. Although Psychology was introduced for the first time in North West Frontier Province, now Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, yet the number of students enrolled was quite large. There were 25 students in all, (13 boys and 12 girls).

History

Prof. Dr. S. M. Moghni had no one to help him and he had to look after administration as well as teaching and research. The discipline of Psychology was adjusted in 2 rooms in the Department of Geology and Department of Geography. There was a dearth of books and laboratory experimental material that are very important for students of Psychology.

The first person to join Professor Moghni in this endeavor was Prof. Dr. Zafar Afaq Ansari. He joined this Department as a Lecturer in December 1964.

The syllabi approved for the Previous Year class consisted of three theory papers (History of Psychology; Abnormal Psychology; Social Psychology) and Laboratory work. Dr. Moghni taught History of Psychology, Introduction & Experimental Psychology whereas Dr. Ansari was teaching Abnormal Psychology as well as supervising the Laboratory work (including a basic course in Statistics). Teaching load

was greatly increased when the previous year students were promoted to the final class. The same faculty members had to teach three more theory papers (Experimental Psychology, Physiological Psychology, Testing and Measurement), and practicum.

In January 1966, Prof. Dr. Alay Ahmad joined the faculty as a Lecturer and shared the teaching responsibilities. In 1965-66, the Department established its first Library and Experimental Laboratory. Now the students could practically learn what they were taught and they got firsthand experience of conducting Psychological Experiments and scoring Psychological Tests. Due to lack of space in the original building, the Department was shifted to Quaid-e-Azam College of Commerce in late 1966. In 1968, Prof. Dr. Mah Nazir Riaz, one of the first graduates, joined the Department as a Lecturer. By 1969, the faculty expanded. It consisted of one Professor, four Lecturers, and one Demonstrator. But the sojourn in the Commerce College was too brief and its classes had to move to Youth Hostel (the building to the right of the department, previously IMS Junior section and now a part of the Psychology Department housing the BS section). A new building for this Department was considered a must by the University because its activities had greatly expanded. The present building is the outcome of that great-felt need and was designed specially as Psychology Department.

The Department moved in to the present site in 1972 and started expanding in terms of Faculty members, Seminar Library, Laboratory Equipment and Psychological Tests etc. Prof. Dr. Farhana Jahangir joined in 1979, Professor Dr. Maher Bano (Retd.) in 1980, Dr. Nasim Riaz Sahibzada in 1980, Dr. Rahat Sajjad (Retd.) in 1982, Professor Dr. Zulfiqar Hussain Gilani (Retd.) in 1982 (also remained VC of our University, now in Canada), Dr. Nighat Gilani in 1987, Dr. Muhammad Jahanzeb Khan (presently VC Malakand University) in 1990, Dr. Erum Irshad (Presently Chairperson of the Department) in 1996.

In 1995 a Mass Communication Lab, was established by Dr. Alay Ahmad, and in 1997-98 a Computer section was established by Dr. Muhammad Jahanzeb Khan during Dr. Mah Nazir's tenure. Presently, the Department has a fully equipped Library, Laboratory for experimentation, and a computer section. In 2010 a Psychology Clinic

was established by Dr Erum Irshad.

Vision

The Department of Psychology aspires to the highest standards of excellence in teaching, research, and service, which striving to become a more inclusive and diverse academic community that respects differences among individuals.

Mission

The Psychology Department provided academically sound courses that promote knowledge of Psychological concepts, issues, methods, theories, applications, and critical thinking. It is committed to excellent teaching, nationally recognized research and outstanding service to the university, profession, and community.

Objectives

- To provide excellent education.
- To train and prepare graduates students for careers in scientific psychology and scientifically based professional practice.
- To carry out these educational goals in the context of a research-oriented department founded on the principals of scholarly excellence, interdisciplinary collaboration, and wide-ranging service.
- To assist students in cultivating skills and knowledge necessary for success in endeavors after completion of the degree.
- To develop the students, generic skills in research methods, statistics and critical thinking, which will allow them to evaluate future trends in the field of Psychology and prepare them for lifetime learning.
- To provide each student with a basic knowledge of general psychology and of the special areas of Clinical Psychology, Counseling Psychology and Psychometrics.
- To provide didactic instruction and supervised training in psychological research. Our intent is to enable each student to become proficient in conduction research and evaluating the research of other.

- To provide dedicated instruction and supervised training in the practice of Clinical Psychology, Counseling psychological assessment and intervention.
- To encourage students to integrate empirical findings and theoretical frameworks with clinical and counseling practice.
- To encourage appreciation of diversity across content areas of science and practice.
- To prepare each student to make ethically and legally informed decisions about clinical, counseling, psychometric, research, and other professional issues.
- To foster and identification with profession of clinical psychology, counseling psychology, an psychological assessment, participation in professional communities, and active professional service.
- To foster collegial and appropriate professional relationships.

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL WORK, UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

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Vision

- Accommodating students aspiring to get advance degrees in Social Work, Sociology and Gender Studies.
- To enhance the academic excellence and professional competence of the existing staff both utilizing internal and external resources
- To bring about liaison between the department and other institutions at national and international level.
- To provide improve physical facilities as well as improvised instructional materials to the staff members and students of the department
- To make the entire programme offered by the department job oriented and relevant to the emerging need of Pakistani society in social and cultural field.
- To provide strong support to the government and non government organizations to involved in various activities of the development and improvement of the society in the region.
- To provide strong support to various organization particularly social and population welfare, health, and other social services.
- To make programme of the department contributing to the improvement of the social and culture life of the rural community
- To provide insight and skills of the student's community into the issues relating to rapid urbanization and developing of the slums areas and with all associated problems.

- To develop attitude and interest and abiding faith in their values of the students while moving towards democratization and tolerance as goals in the future of their life.

Mission

- The services rendered by the department to the community in term of the contribution made by the government and non-government. Hospitals, Violence against women, Schools, Women organization, Village organization, Population welfare, Child labour, Human resource development, Crimes in Pakistan, Water and sanitation, Slums problems, Street working children, Industrial units, Ethnicity sectarianism, Tourism problems, Family welfare center, Child welfare organization.
- A formal committee has constituted for engagement with society and industries for provision of services, seminar, training courses, consultancy and for other related requirements of the department.

Objective

- To create trained sociologists and anthropologists to play dynamic role in the improvement of society.
- To develop the concept and knowledge of sociology and anthropology in students.
- To develop skill in students relating to solution of the problems in their society and culture.
- To develop attitude of the problems issues to be faced effectively in their solution.
- To create awareness and sensitivity in students about their regional, national and global issues and to prepare them to solve such problems.

**DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY,
UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR**

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Introduction

The Department of Sociology was established with the grace of Allah Almighty, it has touched the high peak of success in a short time after its inception and now it is included in the list of the distinguished departments of the campus. This Department has the honour to offer courses for the award degrees in the Master, M.Phil and Ph.D programmes in the subject of Sociology. The department was started in 1982 under the chairmanship of professor Karam Elahi, a renowned scholar. Fieldwork is a compulsory activity in the final year of MA programme. The exercise of fieldwork in the final year is undertaken in sociologically important areas. Research practicum at MA level has also its mandatory status and students undertake their research study on different problems and issues related to the subject matter of Sociology. Classes to M.Phil and Ph.D programmes are in progress.

The department has an attractive library equipped with related books, these reports and other reading materials. Books are added to it every year with the consent of the concerned teachers. We have a future plan that includes establishing a well-furnished Computer Laboratory with an access of net facility and a research cell containing all kinds of journals and research study reports. To materialize the plan, the department administration is in constant struggle and with a firm hope of accomplishment soon.

Vision

The future vision plan for improvement of the quality of academic and research contains the following main features:

- Institutionalizing research journal.
- Collaboration of the department with other universities for establishing exchange programme.
- Staff development to enhancing their research capability through offering them M. Phil/Ph.D Programme.
- Organizing shorts courses in crucial areas.

Objectives

- To create trained sociologists and anthropologists to play dynamic role in the improvement of society.
- To develop the concept and knowledge of sociology and anthropology in students.
- To develop skill in students relating to solution of the problems in their society and culture.
- To develop attitude of the problems issues to be faced effectively in their solution.
- To create awareness and sensitivity in students about their regional, national and global issues and to prepare them to solve such problems.

Outcomes

The programme is expected to:

- Create a trained group of sociologists and anthropologists who would play dynamic role in the changing of contemporary society.
- Influence the strategies of the policy-makers and planners who are intending to bring about change and improvement in their society.
- Provide an example of the contribution made by the output of these departments for other developing regions and countries in the world.
- Bring about change both quantitatively and qualitatively in the social, economic and cultural aspects of their society.
- Create a group of trained researchers to identify the problems issues of their issues scientifically and to provide rational for their solution.

**DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY,
UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR**

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Vision

To act as a leader of excellence and performance in its objectives in the country

Mission

The Department is committed to the production of all-rounded international standard graduates of, M. Sc., M. Phil and Ph. D level in areas of Zoology including Entomology, Parasitology, Fisheries, Microbiology and Biotechnology maintaining high level of integrity and responsibility at individual and departmental level; and conducting quality research, and producing well trained teachers and to participate in community development projects.

Objectives

Teaching, Research, Consultancy and Community Service

**FATA DISASTER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY (FDMA),
GOVERNMENT OF PAKISTAN**

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Introduction

FATA Disaster Management Authority is a government organization established under the Disaster Management Ordinance 2007 to effectively manage a natural calamity or man-made disaster in Federally Administered Tribal Area and Frontier Regions.

Objectives

To achieve sustainable social, economic and environmental development in FATA through reducing risk and vulnerabilities, particularly those of the poor end marginalized groups and by effectively responding to and recovering from disaster impact.

Establishment of FDMA

National Disaster Management Ordinance of 2007 provides the legal basis for the establishment of a FATA Disaster Management Authority (FDMA). The National Disaster Management Ordinance (NDMO) published In the Gazette of Pakistan on 10th March 2008 provides a comprehensive framework for Disaster prevention, preparedness and management on federal, provincial and local government level in its Chapter III. In May 20th 2008 the National Disaster Management Ordinance was extended to FATA through Statutory notification Government of Pakistan (SRO 302(I)/2008) States & Frontier Region Division Islamabad. The Federally Administered Tribal Areas Disaster Management Commission for the FATA is notified on 24th August 2008, Government of Pakistan, States & Frontier Region Islamabad under the

section 13 A, National Disaster Management Ordinance 2007. FATA Disaster Management Authority was notified vide notification SRO 1090(I) 2008 dated 6-10-2008 by the Government of Pakistan, States & Frontier Region Division Islamabad. FDMA formally established its head office in Peshawar in July 2010.

Mandate

1. Formulate the FATA Disaster Management Policy.
2. Co-ordinate and monitor the implementation of National plan, and FATA plan.
3. Examine the vulnerability of different parts of FATA to different disasters and specify mitigation measures
4. Lay down guidelines to be followed for preparation of disaster management plans by the Departments of the FATA Secretariat and Agency Authorities.
5. Evaluate preparedness at all governmental and non-governmental levels to disaster and to enhance preparedness.
6. Co-ordinate response in the event of disaster.
7. Promote general education, awareness and community training in this regard.
8. Advise the Federal Government regarding all financial matters in relation to disaster management.
9. Examine the construction in the area, and ensure compliance of standards

Roles and Responsibilities

The Federally Administered Tribal Area is prone to various types of disasters such as floods, epidemics and violent conflicts. The militants' apprising and the resultant military operations have done great damage to livelihoods and infrastructure and have caused millions of people to migrate into the relatively peaceful areas as IDPs. FDMA has a key role to play by coordinating the relief activities at IDP camps. Another core function of FDMA is to help resettle and rehabilitate the conflict affected people in their area of origins and in near future project in this

regard is going to be initiated. Yet another responsibility of FDMA is to prepare for the future natural or man-made disaster by equipping and training the line departments and making workable plans for various agencies and FRs.

COLLEGE OF HOME ECONOMICS UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

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Introduction

The study of Home Economics as a distinct discipline was introduced in the country soon after the emergence of Pakistan. Initially, a separate department, devoted to the subject, was set-up in 1954 by the University of Peshawar, in collaboration with Colorado State University, USA. The department was later upgraded to College status in 1963. It is one of the four colleges in Pakistan devoted to the study of Home Economics, for developing a complete education programme for female students to meet the challenges of a free society. The institution equips young women with the specialized knowledge in the field of interior design, textile design, small business management, teaching, and research.

This field of study extends opportunities for pursuing careers in any of the above professions. Therefore, it has acquired a special significance in moulding the female generation, providing them with an opportunity to study a unique blend of both science and art related subjects. It also opens up future avenues for personal, professional and social enhancement.

Vision

Ours is the privilege to mold the Society”

Objectives

- To provide up to date and modern education to the students.
- To inculcate true appreciation of religious and Islamic values in the

practical lives of the students.

- To develop social sensibilities and prepare students to cope better with their various roles not only as individuals, but as family members and citizens of the state.
- To develop a positive attitude towards life.
- To gear women towards professional careers and a general socio-economic development.
- To develop confidence in young women to realize the importance of their distinct role as nation builders.
- To expose the students to the latest knowledge and technology to familiarize them with the advancements in the industrial sector.

INSTITUTE OF PEACE AND CONFLICT STUDIES (IPCS)- UNIVERSITY OF PESHAWAR

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Introduction

The Institute of Peace and Conflict Studies (IPCS) is envisioned to bring Peace into the society by incorporating alternative conflict resolution mechanisms to the curriculum. The University of Peshawar is the pioneering institution in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa offering academic programs under the auspices of the Institute of Peace and Conflict Studies (IPCS) with the objective of producing both Innovative Researches and offering Academic Programs at the under-graduate and post-graduate levels. The Institute of Peace and Conflict Studies aims to attract and develop those groups of students who wish to deepen their understandings of the processes involved in conflicts and are interested in sharpening their knowledge of how to manage conflicts constructively. It offers the conjectural foundations that emboss the essential social psychological routes involved in understanding and managing conflicts at all levels: interpersonal, intergroup, organizational, and international.

Vision

The Institute of Peace and Conflict Studies is the major forum for research and training in Pakistan for both mid-career professionals and young graduates of the country with focus on Peace Building, Peace Making, Social Cohesion enriched with the appropriate skills to address conflicts by peaceful means. The Institute is a major policy research center specializing in policy researches and qualitative analysis addressing both national and international issues in its specialized area of focus.

Mission

The University of Peshawar is the oldest University of Khyber

Pakhtunkhwa and one of the premier academic institutions established after independence of Pakistan in 1950. IPCS is a model of academic programming equipped with excellent human resources and competence in the field of peace and conflict studies coupled with the requisite resources and modern technology directed at transforming our rich cultural heritage into a knowledge base for future programming and national development. IPCS offers both its employer and beneficiaries a transparent environment of merit based learning and quality research facilities, from classroom to market and global cyber community. IPCS's staff is focused on serving the nation through building a proper trained human resource in line with our national goals and future demands for social cohesion, Peace Building and in developing a sound research base.

Academic and Training Programmes

The institute will offer academics programs at Four levels including:-

- Under-Graduate Program- Degree in Peace and Conflict Studies (BS-4 years in Peace and Conflict Studies).
- Post Graduate Program- MS Degree in Peace and Conflict Studies (2 years including Research).
- Post Graduate Program - PhD Degree in Peace and Conflict Studies (Research).
- Post-Graduate Program- Diploma in Peace and Conflict Studies- For Professionals & Practitioners with varying target groups and according to the course outlines form the approved courses available.

INTERNATIONAL RESCUE COMMITTEE

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Introduction

The International Rescue Committee responds to the world's worst humanitarian crises and helps people to survive and rebuild their lives. Founded in 1933 at the request of Albert Einstein, the IRC offers lifesaving care and life-changing assistance to refugees forced to flee from war or disaster. At work today in over **40 countries and in 22 U.S. cities**, the IRC restores safety, dignity and hope to millions who are uprooted and struggling to endure. The IRC leads the way from harm to home.

IRC Pakistan

IRC has been working in Pakistan since 1980, when hundreds of thousands of refugees crossed the border from Afghanistan in the wake of the Soviet invasion. IRC teams have worked in camps and settlements across Pakistan's Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KPK, formerly North West Frontier Province) and Baluchistan, including the tribal areas, to provide shelter, food, protection, education, vocational training, water supply systems, sanitation facilities, and medical services to Afghan refugees.

When the South Asian earthquake struck in October 2005, IRC responded immediately, sending emergency teams to provide immediate relief and health care to more than 230,000 survivors in the worst-hit areas. Since then, IRC transitioned from direct service delivery to supporting long-term sustainable development and capacity building in health and education to the Government of Pakistan line

departments in the earthquake-affected areas of KPK and Azad Jammu Kashmir (AJK).

In 2008, IRC responded to support those fleeing conflict in Pakistan's North West Frontier Region. For the past two years, IRC has provided assistance in water, sanitation, health, education and protection services to those displaced by conflict in the border regions as well as providing similar support for those returning home to KPK and Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA).

From July 2010 onwards, IRC Pakistan has been responding to the monsoon floods that has devastated over 20.36 million people across the entire country. The IRC distributed essential items such as hygiene kits; rehabilitated damaged schools; provided protection, health, water and sanitation services; and implemented livelihood projects to help farmers and small businesses get back on their feet.

IRC is currently working in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Sindh provinces and aims to save lives strengthen institutions and promote social cohesion through its various programs. IRC is working in Pakistan for over 34 years, and manages & delivers large, complex programs to meet needs in health, education, protection, environmental health and livelihoods for displaced and poor communities, including those affected by conflict and disasters. IRC works in partnership with host government, international and non-governmental organizations and is currently working in close coordination with PDMA, FDMA, FATA Directorate of Projects, CERD, IDEA, HRDS, HIN, PAIMAN, KK, TKF, HRDN, IRSP, ROZAN, UNHCR, UNICEF, ECHO, WFP, MOFA, SIDA, ERF, UNOCHA and other reputed international and national organizations.

Areas of Focus in Pakistan

- Legal and Humanitarian Assistance
- Environmental Health (Eh)
- Livelihoods
- Cash for training under ERF Grant
- Distribution of Agriculture Inputs Package
- Vaccination of livestock

- Health
- Education
- Women's protection and environment

IRIS WELFARE TRUST HARIPUR PAKISTAN

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Vision

Our vision is peaceful and prosperous society based on social justice, equity and equality. To promote and capacitate the society into equal opportunity provided by the state and transforms a vigilant citizenship through volunteerism.

Mission

Our Mission is bring about policy and institutional changes by mobilizing marginalized communities to transform their lives through equitable and sustainable use of resources without any discrimination against social origin, sex, race, caste and religion.

Objectives

- To create peaceful and just society by combating the curse of extremism, sectarianism, injustice and insurgency for the protection of Right to Life and Security.
- To promote and protect everyone's right of Identity and Equal Participation to leisure, play and participation in cultural and to help develop recreational activities.
- To aware the women about their rights and privileges and empower them by socio economic uplift.
- To promote Social and Political rights and a culture of tolerance and democratic norms.
- To assist in achieving the overall objective of Sustainable Livelihood for the economic and social well –being of predominantly small income groups and farmer by package of inter connected activities.

- To protect and rehabilitate the environment degradation for sustainable use at Present and for the use of future generation.

INTRODUCTION OF IRIS WELFARE TRUST

IRIS WELFARE TRUST Haripur Pakistan was established as Non Governmental public interest organization in 2006 and registered in 2012, with a vision for a prosperous and peaceful society, by a group of social activists. IRIS WELFARE TRUST promised to mobilize the poor and provided a platform to fight for people's rights, with a humble beginning. Under dynamic leadership IRIS WELFARE TRUST achieved phenomenal success. It aims to pioneer a rights-based approach that continues to influences much of development effort in Pakistan. Vision of IRIS WELFARE TRUST is advocacy work and influence reached far beyond Hazara division to the rest of Pakistan, and also to south Asia. IRIS WELFARE TRUST provided critical leadership to civil society, by successfully mobilizing collective actions on a range of issues including protecting the rights of the marginalized particularly the poor and women, ensuring equitable use of natural resources, promoting tolerance, peace and social justice in the society. IRIS WELFARE TRUST achievements command national and international acclaim. IRIS WELFARE TRUST is serving the most marginalized being a dynamic organization and contributing significantly. The institutional support to IRIS WELFARE TRUST was extending by SAP-PK, CHIP, FFSP/IC/SDC, Save the Children and IDSP-Pakistan.

IRIS WELFARE TRUST aims at integrating the gender perspective in its entire development cycle i.e. planning and programming, implementation, monitoring and evaluation. To do this, it needs to specifically identify the following as its enabling element: gender segregated data collection, gender analysis, capacity building, advocacy, gender sensitive resources allocation, and gender balance. It has adopted/identified four entry points in the organization to mainstream gender, and these are: people - (both staff and beneficiaries/partners), policies (at organizational and programmatic levels), enabling mechanisms, and programs.

IRIS WELFARE TRUST Haripur Pakistan is in process of acquiring profound experience in problem identification, planning and

implementation of poverty alleviation programmes with gender mainstreamed approach at grassroots level and advocacy at the local, provincial and national levels for more than 8 years. IRIS WELFARE TRUST has experience in organizing the men and women "right holders" to enable them to demand their rights from the government the duty bearers, in more than 200 villages.

By time of establishment, the founding leadership which also constitutes the board of directors laid the foundations of IRIS WELFARE TRUST with the premise of promoting ecologically sound development. While according high priority to the management of natural resources inextricably linked with the livelihoods security and environmental conservation at local level, IRIS WELFARE TRUST started multi-sectoral programs of sustainable development and rights based advocacy with different national and international organizations.

IRIS WELFARE TRUST started its activities in 2008 on mutual help basis by mobilizing and organizing the masses for bringing about a change in the status quo environment of gender-Discrimination, violation of children & women rights through enterprise promotional activities and capacity building.

Core Strategies

IRIS WELFARE TRUST uses following set of strategies for sustainable development:

- Social Mobilization
- Policy enforcement through Advocacy
- Human and Institutional Development through Local communit involvement
- Participatory Natural Resource Management
- Knowledge management and research
- Behavior and knowledge transformation

Main Programs

Major crosscutting themes envisaged for the well being of masses are: peace, democracy, knowledge building, rights and livelihoods. Pursuant to these themes, IRIS WELFARE TRUST has designed

following programs:

1. Social Organization & Mobilization
2. Democratic and Civic Rights Program
3. Livelihood Support Program
4. Natural Resource Management (Agro-Forestry)
5. Health Education & Sanitation
6. Capacity Building (Human and Institutional Development Program)

Supporting Agencies:

1. Sarhad Rural Support Program
2. Farm Forestry Support Project (FFSP/SDC)
3. Barani Area Development Program-II
4. Save the Children
5. SAP-PK
6. Sungi Development Foundation
7. SAHARA DF
8. Agriculture Department
9. Water Management Department
10. Local Community

Financial Sustainability:

1. Contribution from BOD
2. Endowment Fund
3. Utilization of local & natural resources (seed, craft, wild weeds, decoration wood pieces)
4. Public Schools Network
5. Social marketing

Achievements:

1. Small Enterprise Development

2. Nursery Raising for Small Farmers Male and Female
3. Promotion of Handicrafts and Decoration Pieces made by Women
4. Emergency Relief, Food, Tents and blankets, Medical Aid to Earth Quack Effective Areas.
5. Health & Hygiene awareness in different schools of district Haripur.
6. Awareness rising through seminars on voter education, voter registration, CNIC Formation & Free & Fair Elections.
7. Empower women's to participate in LG Elections
8. Human & Democratic rights awareness in different areas of district Haripur.
9. Formation of Kashmir Hazara Schooling System in district Haripur for earth quake effectees students (Free Education & Social Psycho Program) with the support of Good Neighbors International Korea.
10. Distribute Food items in different of district Haripur with the support of Plan Pakistan.

ISLAMIA COLLEGIATE SCHOOL PESHAWAR

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The establishment of Darul-Uloom-e-Islamia Sarhad, comprising Islamia Collegiate School carries behind a long history and stands for a cherished movement, which ultimately transformed the whole of N.W.F.P and the adjoining tribal areas. This movement is significant for imparting quality education, establishment of democratic institution and finally a struggle to achieve independence from the alien rule.

Sahibzada Abdul Qayum, the founder of the school belonged to that group of Indian statesmen who believed in achieving independence through peaceful means using conciliatory approach for resolution of their problems with the British rulers. The subsequent events proved his greatness as most of what he had in mind was achieved by him during his life time. Sahibzada Abdul Qayum and Sir George Roos Kepple, the then Chief Commissioner, were the two pioneers who rendered great services in establishing the Darul-Uloom.

In 1911 a college committee started its work and purchased the land. On 21st March 1912. Haj i Sahib of Turangzai, a freedom fighter, laid the foundation stone of the mosque (the first building) on the campus. This was followed by the construction of the Islamia Collegiate School, three hostels and residence for the principal. Mr. L. Tipping joined as the first principal on March 18.

1913. The opening ceremony of the school was performed by sir Harcourt butler on 5th April 1913. Classes were formally started on 14th of April 1913 and by the middle of the year there were 154 boys in the school coming from all parts of the province.

In December 1919, in his welcome address to the new Governor Sir Hamilton Grant, Sir Sahibzada expressed the demand for a university in Peshawar at Islamia College. Before his death on 4th December 1937_ he expressed this desire several times. but it was ridiculed by the government at that time. This earnest desire of Sir Sahibzada Abdul Qayum Khan was eventually materialized in 2008 through the establishment of Islamia College University notified through "the Islamia College University Peshawar Ordinance. 2008".

Cognizant of the importance of the Darul-Uloom, the Quaid-eAzam Muhammad Ali Jinnah visited the College in 1936 and honorary life membership of the Khyber Union of the Islamia College was conferred upon him. It was this impression which led him to decide to write his will in 1939 (revealed after his death) to bequeath one third of his property to the Islamia College. In 1945, he again visited the Darul-Uloom and addressed the students in famous star Field of the School. In 1948 he visited the college as the first Governor General of Pakistan, and enunciated his historic declaration for the establishment of Peshawar University which was inaugurated by the first Prime Minister of Pakistan_ Mr. Liaqat Ali Khan on October 30, 1950.

Islamia Collegiate School was taken over by the Provincial Government in 1949 but was given under the administrative control of the Peshawar University in 1955. this provincialization and the subsequent take over by the University of Peshawar led to its conversion to a school for general education. The enrolment of students, which v.as 625 in 1945 rose to 911 in the year 1962. In 1963 the school was bifurcated into Islamia Collegiate School and University Public School. The same year Islamia Collegiate School and Islamia College celebrated their Golden Jubilee with Field Marshal Muhammad Ayub Khan, the then President of Pakistan as the Chief Guest.

Presently the school has five separate sections. Each section is headed by a Senior Master known as Unit Incharge I Head Master. He is responsible for the academics and co-academics of his own section and accountable to the Principal. These sections are. Senior Section: This is the main Section of the School and Students from 7th to 10th Grades (Science Students Only) study in this Section. The medium of

instruction is English. The offices of the Principal and Vice Principal are located in this section.

Islamia Collegiate Laboratory School (IER Section): This section is known as laboratory school where the B. Ed trainees are imparted training in Education. Students from 5th to 10th grades are studying in this section. The medium of instruction is English.

Campus Branch: Students from K.G to 10th grades study in this branch. New Tribal Hostel (NTH) for 250 students was constructed in 1989 at a cost of 12. 7 million rupees for which funds were provided by the federal Government. The School celebrated its Diamond Jubilee along with Islamia College on 30th March 1989. Mr. Ghulam Ishaq Khan, the then President of Pakistan was the chief guest on that occasion. As a part of the celebration. Collegiate Day function was presided over by Mr. Amir Gulistanjan_ iua, the then Governor. N.W.F.P.

Sir Sahibzada complex

- (a) It comprises a hall and three Science Laboratories was constructed at the cost of 8. 7 million rupees. Funds for this project were made available by the Board of Trustees of the **Darul-Ulum-1-Islamia Sarhad Trust. Lt Gen (Rtd) Mohammad Arif Bangash**, the then Governor N.W.F.P inaugurated the Complex in April 1998.
- (b) This block is comprising a library. Computer Lab along with offices and four classrooms. is constructed at the cost of about Five million rupees from the Board of Trustee's Fund.
- (c) This block of the complex is comprising a Hall, Offices and 8 Classrooms at the cost of about 20 million rupees, is constructed. Commander (Rtd) Khalil-ur-Rehman, the then Governor Khyber Pakhtunkhwa laid the foundation stone of the building on 21st March 2006. Students of 5th and 6th classes are studying in this block.

Some of the signal achievements of the school are,

- (a) Besides clinching various positions on the merit list of the board, its students topped the lists of successful candidates in the Metric and Middle standard Examinations on five

occasions.

- (b) 3 students of the school got Matric Scholarship out of 20 topped merit list in the secondary School certificate (A) Examination 2002.
- (c) Its cadets won (twice) the Commonwealth Earl Roberts Firing Trophy.
- (d) UNESCO (Paris) awarded a medal and a certificate in recognition of the active participation of the school in the Associated Schools Project.
- (e) It annexed District and Provincial Championships in Military drill, football, hockey and athletics. A good number of its debaters were later on elected as Presidents of the Khyber Union of Islamic College.
- (f) The school clinched 1st & 3rd positions among boys in the SSC Annual Examination 2008.
- (g) A Car parking I Cycle Stand at the cost of 4.1 millions rupees has been constructed recently. Professor Dr. Javed Khan, the former Vice-Chancellor, University of Peshawar laid the foundation on 22nd March, 2008 while the opening ceremony was performed by Muhammad Ajmal khan. Vice-Chancellor, Islamia College University. Peshawar on 26th January. 2009.

ISLAMIC RELIEF-PAKISTAN

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Introduction

Islamic Relief is an independent international relief and development organization, which aims to alleviate the suffering of the world's poorest people. It was founded in 1984 and has its international headquarters in Birmingham, United Kingdom. As well as responding to disasters and emergencies, Islamic Relief promotes sustainable economic and social development by working with local communities - regardless of race, religion or gender. Islamic Relief currently has development programmes in more than 28 countries in Africa, Asia, Middle East and Eastern Europe. Islamic Relief works in six main sectors: sustainable livelihoods, education, health and nutrition, child welfare, water and sanitation, and emergency relief and disaster preparedness. Islamic Relief acquires a consultative status (special category) with the economic and social council of the United Nations, a full member of British Overseas NGOs for development (BOND), a member of the UK platform of the liaison Committees of Development NGOs to the European Union, and a signatory of the Code of Conduct for the International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movements, NGOs in Disaster Relief and People in Aid.

Islamic Relief Pakistan

Islamic Relief commenced operations in Pakistan in 1992, secured a registration with Security & Exchange Commission of Pakistan in 1994 as a company limited by guarantee (Local NGO).

Islamic Relief is also registered with the Economic Affairs Division,

Ministry of Finance Government of Pakistan.

IR in Pakistan is focusing on the following sectors:

I. Sustainable Development Programme

- Sustainable Livelihoods
- Health and Nutrition
- Water & Sanitation
- Education

ii. Humanitarian Aid Programme

- Emergency Relief Response
- Disaster Preparedness

iii. Child Welfare Programme

- Orphans Sponsorship
- Child Protection and Wellbeing

Islamic Relief programme implementation approach used early an intensive *Social Mobilisation* as a cross cutting issue and foundation for any community / programme / project intervention.

For over last few years IR in Pakistan has gained wide recognition and reputation among the communities that it works with, the host government and the international agencies working in the country. This had increased during the response to the Earthquake of 8th October 2005, where the organization was taking the lead in some of the localities of Kashmir.

In 2009 Islamic Relief Worldwide completed its 25 years and in Pakistan it was the 15th year for the organization in country since its registered locally, serving the marginalized people mainly in the rural parts of country i.e. Baluchistan, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Sindh, Punjab and AJ&K.

Our Vision:

Inspired by our Islamic faith and guided by our values we envisage a caring world where communities are empowered, social obligations are fulfilled and people respond as one to the suffering of others.

Our Core Values:

Following Prophetic Guidance: We remain guided by the timeless values and teachings provided by the revelations contained within the Qu'ran and prophetic example, most specifically:

Sincerity (ikhlas):

In responding to poverty and suffering our efforts are driven by sincerity to God and the need to fulfil our obligations to humanity

Social Justice (Adl):

Our work is founded on enabling people and institutions to fulfil the rights of the poor and vulnerable. We work to empower the dispossessed towards realising their God-given human potential and developing their capabilities and resources.

Compassion (Rahma):

We believe the protection and well-being of every life is of paramount importance and we shall join with other humanitarian actors to act as one in responding to suffering brought on by disasters, poverty and injustice.

Custodianship (Amana):

We uphold our duty of custodianship over the earth, its resources and the trust people place in us as humanitarian and development practitioners to be transparent and accountable.

Excellence (Ihsan):

Our actions in tackling poverty are marked by excellence in our operations and conduct which are deserving of the people we serve.

OUR Mission

- To enable communities to mitigate the effect of disasters, prepare for their occurrence and respond by providing relief, protection and recovery.
- Promote integrated development and environmental custodianship with a focus on sustainable livelihoods Support the marginalised and vulnerable to voice their needs and address root causes of poverty.

- To allocate these resources regardless of race, political affiliation, gender or belief, and without expecting anything in return.

KASHF FOUNDATION

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 Pakistan
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Mission of Kashf

Kashf's mission is to alleviate poverty by providing quality and cost effective microfinance services to low income households, especially women, in order to enhance their economic role and decision-making capacity.

Gender Empowerment & Social Advocacy (GESA)

"To complement the provision of credit to make a holistic impact on the lives of female borrowers with supplementary services through community based advocacy on financial education, guidance, self employment ventures to small/medium business"

BUSSINESS INCOBATION LAB (BIL)

The objective of Business Incubation lab (BIL) program is to transform home based working women to micro –or –small entrepreneurs. This will be achieved by developing and strengthening female –lead business through various business development services and networking support for the targeted women entrepreneurs. Three main pillars of the program are to deliver in house Business Management is to deliver in marketing and networking support and collaboration institutions to cater to entrepreneurs, vocational skills.

Kashf Business Incubation Lab (BIL) Objectives

- Graduate household working women from self-employment to small enterprise.
- To increase the share of household women entrepreneurs in

household income.

- Employment generation at community level
- Providing access to market.
- Facilitating to establish business networks in local and extended markets.

Indicators of BIL Program.

1. Increase income, Sale & Saving.
2. Increase Assets.
3. Increase Market Networks.
4. Increase Employees.
5. Innovation/ Product Diversification.

Criteria for client selection for BI program.

- Minimum 2nd loan cycle of client.
- Business owner.
- Potential and active.
- Willing for expand her business.

Target People/Group

- Kashf Potential Clients.

KHYBER SCOUT OPEN GROUP PESHAWAR

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Introduction

Khyber Scout Open Group Peshawar is an open group managed by individuals registered with education department, whose basic motive and aim is to help people and individuals who are in deep need of it.

KING ABDULLAH'S RELIEF CAMPAIGN FOR PAKISTANI PEOPLE (KARCPP)

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Introduction

King Abdullah's Relief Campaign for Pakistani People (KARCPP) is a Pakistan based Saudi Relief Organization working in all the provinces of Pakistan to help mitigate the sufferings of 2010's tragic Floods affectees. Keeping in view the growing tense situation that erupted due to the floods triggered by heavy monsoon rains, the Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques, King Abdullah Bin Abdul Aziz, immediately ordered to establish an organization under the supervision of Royal Highness Prince Mohammed bin Naif bin Abdul Aziz Al-Saud, Minister of Interior and Petron-in-Chief of the KARCPP and chaired by Dr. Saed Al-Urabi Al Harthi, Advisor to Interior Minister for carrying out relief, rescue and rehabilitation activities in the worst flood-torn areas of Pakistan. The motives behind setting up an organization were to wipe out the tears of flood-trapped citizens of Pakistan facing multiple challenges emerged soon after the natural calamity that wreaked havoc in several parts of the Sub Continent. As usual the Saudi people came forward for helping the Muslims around the world particularly Pakistan to express solidarity with the victims of the floods. On the directives of the KHADIM AL-HARMAIN AL-SHARIFAIN, Saudi Public contributed generously to the campaign to bring down the effects of calamity being felt by the people of Pakistan. During the campaign, 402 million Riyals were collected from Saudi Public purely on humanitarian grounds. The Saudi people and their leadership is an example of humanity all over the world.

KARCPP ongoing and future projects:

- Construction of 5000 houses

- Construction of 25 basic health units Construction of 40 schools
- Construction project (50) mosque
- Rehabilitation of 76 water supply schemes
- Excavation of 100 deep wells along with water supply schemes

Saudi Public Assistance for Pakistan Earthquake Victims (SPAPEV)

About SPAPEV:

Saudi public assistance for Pakistan earthquake victims is a Saudi based relief organization, which is formed in Riyadh to ensure the best utilization of Saudi public donations collected from the Saudi people on the call of Saudi Government to help Oct 8, 2005 earthquake affectees in Pakistan. The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, like always, was in the forefront of all those who rushed forward to help the victims by extending them humanitarian relief. Saudi Public Assistance for Pakistan Earthquake Victims (SPAPEV) was established under the direct supervision of His Royal Highness the Minister of Interior following a Royal Decree No. 10720 dated 09/07/1426 H for the purpose of providing assistance to the fraternal people of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan in the wake of the catastrophe that befell them as a result of the earthquake.

Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques King Abdullah bin Abdul Aziz Al-Saud (May Allah protect him) issued Royal Decree No. 10857 dated 14/09/1426 H and Royal Decree No. 10937 dated 17/09/1426 H for launching a public donation campaign in all parts of Kingdom of Saudi Arabia asking the people to contribute to the relief mission started for the purpose of helping the victims of the earthquake disaster in Pakistan. The campaign was receiving donations in cash and kinds. The volume of Saudi contributions reached to 100 million dollars.

Reconstruction Projects

Provision of Accommodation Facility:

A Royal Decree No. (13244/MB) dated 26/12/1426 H was issued through which an amount of US\$ (40,000,000) was allocated for the provision of homes to the quake-hit people. SPAPEV implemented the order conveyed by this Royal Decree according to the following

strategy.

Prefabricated Houses:

SPAPEV considered the need of the government as well as the tragic condition of the victims who were living in tents and took the responsibility of providing shelters to maximum of the affected people in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Azad Jammu & Kashmir in the shape of prefab houses to solve the accommodation problems of the victims for a long period.

Four construction companies were selected for implementation of 4000 houses in Balakot for 4000 families at a cost of US\$ (18,500,000), representing the first phase of the project. These housing units were consisting of two rooms, a kitchen and a toilet/bathroom. Besides, 3000 houses in Muzaffarabad and 1400 houses in Bagh were also built, costing US\$ (23,640,000), bringing the number of houses which were provided to the affected people to a total of 8400 homes.

Schools:

Supporting educational sector was also among the humanitarian assistance extended by Saudi Public Assistance for Pakistan Earthquake Victims so as to provide a suitable and appropriate learning environment to both male and female students of the quake-hit areas and to help them study in line with modern and up-to-date principles and criteria of education. To achieve this goal, SPAPEV constructed 28 government and non-government schools at a cost of US\$ (5,500,000). These educational projects are distinguished by its construction and preparation according to international standards. These schools include modern science labs, libraries and computer labs.

It is pertinent to mention here that SPAPEV is currently working on the second phase of the project in which 08 government Schools are to be constructed. The total amount approved for this phase of the project is (541,543) US dollars.

Health Centers

While approving construction projects for the quake-hit areas of Kashmir and Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, SPAPEV also focused on health sector. For this purpose, a Royal Decree No. (564) dated 01/22/1427 H

was issued allocating an amount of US\$ (2,000,000) to support UNICEF. A Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) was signed with UNICEF for the construction of 08 Health centers in different earthquake affected areas. These health centers were fully equipped with modern medical equipments in addition to solar energy system as well as accommodation facilities for doctors and nurses. The purpose of these health centers was to provide modern health care facilities to the earthquake-affected families so as to alleviate their sufferings and protect them from diseases and epidemics.

M/S MAROZE TEXTILES INDUSTRIES

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Management Profile

Mr. M. Shahid Rashid is unique in this aspect thus ensuring top quality and guaranteeing superb workmanship. The Group is well represented in federation of Pakistan Chamber of commerce Industry Lahore Export Promotion Bureau, Pakistan Canvas and Tent Manufacturing & Exporters Association

Production Capacity

A) Weaving

Mahroz Textile Industries is equipped with the modern computerized machines. The main plant and equipment installed in the weaving mills is as following:

- Warping
- Sizing
- Weaving

Auto power Looms (48 inch to 120 inch) and fabric capacity more then

Auto Power Looms: 500 Nos

Canvas Cloth: 15.0 million Meters per year

Grey Cloth : 7.5 million Meters per year.

B) Processing:-

The firm has the following machinery and back process machinery that

helped us to improve the quality and quantity of our products which has considerably contributed to increase the profit of the firm.

1) Generator 100KVA	02
2) Generator 50KVA	01
3) Drawing Machine 120"	02
4) Drawing Machine 100"	01
5) Drawing Machine 72"	04
6) Jigger Washing drawing 120"	04
7) Jigger Washing drawing 72"	08
8) Boiler Capacity	02

State of the Dyeing is possible in pigment, reactive and vat dyes. Besides machines, various other treatments such as stain release, water repellent, water proofing, rot proofing, fire retardant and crease recovery are possible.

C) Cutting and Sewing:-

Operating one of the largest cut and sew facilities in the industry requires perfection of skills, Superb hands-on management and ultra dedication which can only come with a passion for Quality and timely performance. Our dedicated units for Tents, Canvas, Tarpaulins, Bags, Bedding and table linen satisfy the most discerning customer demands for perfection and performance.

Stitching Machines: 300 Nos

Tents	approx. 2000 Tents	per day.
Canvas	approx. 4,000 Bags	per day.
Mosquito Nets	approx. 3000 pieces	per day.
Tarpaulins	approx. 1,000 piece	per day.

D) QUALITY ASSURANCE AND CONTROL:-

At Mahroz Textile Industries, we never stop exploring ways to further improve the quality of products supported by continuous struggle. It is this quest for higher standards of production that is the key to our success. Quality in-charge with expert knowledge and with fastidious

quality checks during and after the production process ensures that the end product is of unmatched quality.

Propose Work Plain and Approach:-

As we have the different departments like production, planning and control (PPC), Quality control department and Merchandising Department that guarantee the promptness and timeliness in responding to and handling of request from the different countries.

Merchandisers are always in follow up with the different departments to assure the lead-time performance as per the contractual agreement in the purchase order and they have capability to fulfill the reporting requirement as mention below.

- Quantity Order per item
- Purchase Value of the Ordered goods per item ceiling prices
- Destination of the foods per item
- Current Level of Stock

Freight Forwarding and In-country distribution:-

We are already handling the freight forwarding activities and we will manage the international transport at a competitive price when requested by Customer. We can distribute the goods in Pakistan and all over the world.

Personnel's:-

As the human resource is concern for the performance of long term agreement are MBA's and Graduate, all the team members have at least 4 to 5 year experience in the textile field and have fluency in English.

NATIONAL BOOK FOUNDATION (PESHAWAR)

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Introduction

National Book Foundation was established in 1972 as a service rendering educational welfare organization. It is a statutory Corporation created through an Act of the Parliament in order to make books available at moderate prices. It has its Head Office in Islamabad and Regional Offices at each provincial Headquarters. In addition it has Branch Offices and bookshops. Its management and over all control vests in a Board of Governors. The Federal Education Minister is Chairman of the Board of Governors. The Chief Executive of the organization is the Managing Director.

Book Promotion & Promotion of Reading Habit

Book Clubs: Book reading once used to be a favourite pastime. People took great pleasure in reading and discussing books. Unfortunately, this golden tradition is now dying. To address this problem, NBF has taken initiative to launch a series of innovative projects including the formation of Village Book Clubs, City Book Clubs, Children's Book Clubs, Prisoners' Free Minds Book Clubs, Senior Citizens Book Clubs, Travellers' Book Clubs (Books on Wheels), Flying Book Clubs and Hospital Book Clubs.

Book Ambassadors: NBF has come up with another novel idea to appoint book loving celebrities of the country as Book Ambassadors to play their role in promoting book reading habit. This prestigious appointment would be an honorary position. The book ambassadors would use the honour, respect and influence they enjoy in society to nurture the love of books and promote reading habit in society.

Readers Clubs: It is the most popular development scheme in Pakistan. Under this scheme books are provided to members at 50% discount for promotion of reading habit at 47 important cities. The rest of the half is paid by the NBF. Books can be obtained on 55% discount from NBF Bookshops under this scheme.

Donation of Pakistani Books Abroad: The aim is to improve Pakistan's image and introduce Pakistani culture abroad through books. Books are sent to Pakistani Missions abroad and Pakistani chairs in foreign universities.

Promotion of Children Literature: Printed copies of the selected manuscripts and books for children are purchased for free distribution to school libraries all over the country. Cash awards are given to the authors of the best books.

Presidential Award on the Best Written Children Books on Quaid-e-Azam, Allama Iqbal and Pakistan: Award is given to the author of best children book on the Founder of Pakistan Quaid-e-Azam Mohammad Ali Jinnah, National Poet, Allama Mohammad Iqbal and Pakistan annually.

Books for Children and Neo-literates: The scheme envisages development of suitable manuscripts and publishing of good quality supplementary reading material for children.

Braille Press: Braille books are provided to the visually disabled persons, almost free of cost. The braille books include Holy Quran with Urdu translation which is one of its kind in the world, Bang-e-Dara, Bal-e-Jabriel alongwith over 108 other publications of national importance.

NEW PUBLIC BOOK

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Introduction

NEW PUBLIC BOOK was established in 1995 and is registered with the Government of Pakistan and since then the company is dealing in all kind of Academic books, Journal, Magazine and educational CD's.

The company has provided books to almost all the renowned educational institutes.

The company's mission is to provide the latest books to all esteemed educational institutes of Pakistan.

Our team includes

MR. Obaid-Ur-Rehaman	Managing Director
MR. Atif Ghorri	Purchase Manager
MR Zia-Ur-Rehman	Sales Manager

NATIONAL DISASTER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY (NDMA)

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Introduction

National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) is the lead agency at the Federal level to deal with whole spectrum of Disaster Management Activities. It is the executive arm of the National Disaster Management Commission (NDMC), which has been established under the Chairmanship of the Prime Minister, as the apex policy making body in the field of Disaster. In the event of a disaster all stakeholders, including Government Ministries/Departments/ Organizations, Armed Forces, INGOs, NGOs, UN Agencies work through and from part of the NDMA to conduct one window operation. NDMA aims to develop sustainable operational capacity and professional competence to undertake the following task:-

- Complete spectrum of disaster risk management at national level.
- Act as Secretariat of the NDMC to facilitate implementation of DRM strategies.
- Map all hazards in the Country and conduct risk analysis on a regular basis.
- Develop guidelines and standards for national and provincial stakeholders regarding their role in disaster risk management.
- Ensure establishment of DM Authorities and Emergency Operations Centres at provincial, district and municipal levels in hazard-prone areas.
- Provide technical assistance to federal ministries, departments and

provincial DM authorities for disaster risk management initiatives.

- Organize training and awareness raising activities for capacity development of stakeholders, particularly in hazard-prone areas.
- Collect, analyze process, and disseminate inter-sectoral information required in an all hazards management approach.
- Ensure appropriate regulations are framed to develop disaster response volunteer teams.
- Create requisite environment for participation of media in DRM activities.
- Serve as the lead agency for NGOs to ensure their performance matches accepted international standards, e.g. the SPHERE standards.
- Serve as the lead agency for international cooperation in disaster risk management. This will particular include, information sharing, early warning, surveillance, joint training, and common standards and protocols required for regional and international cooperation.
- Coordinate emergency response of federal government in the event of a national level disaster through the National Emergency Operations Centre (NEOC).
- Require any government department or agency to make available such men or resources as are available for the purpose of emergency response, rescue and relief.

National Institute of Disaster Management (NIDM)

NIDM is a premier institute of training and capacity development programs for managing natural disasters occurring in Pakistan. It started functioning in 2008 but wasn't formally inaugurated till Feb' 15 2010. Taking a ride through times when NIDM came into existence, Human Resource development and capacity building can be pointed as a building factor. Human resource not only involves the workforce of the institute but all the related organizations playing a part in preparedness, prevention, recovery and relief i.e. welfare agencies, NGO's, community development as well as general public.

Human resource development is an integral part of Disaster Risk

Management (DRM). Structural and / or engineering interventions yield far less dividends if research, training and awareness components are undermined. In South Asia, DRM is relatively a new subject but owing to the region's exposure to a number of natural and human-induced threats, different countries have started taking a holistic approach by establishing dedicated institutes for public awareness and capacity building purposes. It reflects the significance of research and training for reducing disaster risks and lessening hazard impacts. It is widely argued by disaster experts that knowledge, information and training make a community more resilient against the consequences of hazards.

The Government of Pakistan is also striving to promote DRM as one of the priority development concerns. Its need was more crucial because of the consequent disasters which stressed upon the need of adopting a proactive approach by taking disaster risk reduction options to safe guard lives and properties. The creation of NDMA is an example of landmark achievement. However, there was a growing realization that in the absence of a full-fledged academic institute dedicated for providing research and training services, it would have be difficult to achieve the objectives of DRM. On the other hand, the utility of existing training facilities had been marred over the years due to lack of resources, commitment, the quality of contents and delivery.

In this backdrop, National Institute of Disaster Management (NIDM) was established for effectively catering to research and training needs of the public and private sectors on DRM.

NIDM Training Calendar 2014-2015

Sr.	Course	Participants	Duration
July 2014			
1.	DRM for school (NIDM, Islamabad)	Teachers and school management of PEF	9 - 10
2.	DRM for school (NIDM, Islamabad)	Teachers and school management of PEF	15 - 16

August 2014			
3.	District DRM planning (NIDM, Islamabad)	Federal, Provincial ministries and district line departments	6 - 8
4.	DRM for school (Lahore)	Teachers and school management of PEF	20 - 21
5.	MIRA training (Quetta)	Government and NGOs	25 - 29
September 2014			
6.	Emergency response & recovery(NIDM, Islamabad)	Federal, Provincial ministries and District line departments.	2 - 4
7.	CBDRM TOT - NIDM & DIPECHO Partners, Islamabad	District Nowshera, Swat and Mirpurkhas	8 - 12
October 2014			
8.	CBP (Preparedness and Response) Balochistan, Quetta	Provincial ministries and District line departments	13 - 17
9.	DRM - Balochistan, Quetta	Provincial ministries and District line departments	20 - 22
10.	TNA - Balochistan, Quetta	All relevant department and organizations	23 - 24
November 2014			
11.	Project formulation, report writing and preparation of PC & approval procedure (NIDM, Islamabad)	Federal, Provincial ministries/organizations and District line departments	11 - 13
12.	Capacity building training - GB (Gilgit)	Provincial ministries and District line departments	17 - 21
13.	CBDRM TOT - NIDM & Helpage International; Jacobabad (Sindh)	Officials and government and humanitarian organizations of Sindh	17 - 21
14.	Integration of gender and vulnerable groups in DRM (NIDM, Islamabad)	Federal, Provincial ministries/organizations and District line departments	25 - 27

December 2014			
15.	CBP (Preparedness and Response) KP, Peshawar	Provincial ministries and District line departments	8 - 12
16.	DRM - KP / FATA, Peshawar	Provincial ministries and District line departments	15 - 17
17.	TNA - KP / FATA, Peshawar	All relevant department and organizations	18 - 19
18.	CBDRM TOT - Rescue 1122 (Lahore)	District Emergency Officers, Rescue 1122	22 - 27
January 2015			
19.	CBP (Preparedness and Response) Punjab, Lahore	Provincial ministries and District line departments	5 - 9
20.	CBDRM TOT - Rescue 1122 (Lahore)	District Emergency Officers, Rescue 1122	12 - 16
21.	Assessment procedure (NIDM, Islamabad)	Federal, Provincial ministries and District line departments	20 - 22
22.	DRM for Afghan Officials, Islamabad	Government officials from Afghanistan	26 - 31
February 2015			
23.	CBDRM TOT - Rescue 1122 (Lahore)	District Emergency Officers, Rescue 1122	9 - 13
24.	Emergency response & recovery(NIDM, Islamabad)	Federal, Provincial ministries/organizations and District line departments	17 - 19
25.	TNA - Islamabad	All relevant department and organizations	20
26.	DRM - AJK, Muzafarabad	Provincial ministries and District line departments	24 - 26
27.	TNA - AJK, Muzafarabad	All relevant department and organizations	27 - 28
March 2015			
28.	DRM - Sindh, Karachi	Provincial ministries and District line departments	9 - 11

29.	TNA – Sindh, Karachi	All relevant department and organizations	12 – 13
30.	DRM – Punjab, Lahore	Provincial ministries/organizations and District dept.	25 – 27
31.	TNA – Punjab, Lahore	All relevant department and organizations	28 & 30
April 2015			
32.	DRM – Gilgit Baltistan	Provincial ministries/organizations and District dept.	13 – 15
33.	TNA – Gilgit Baltistan	All relevant department and organizations	16 – 17
34.	Supply Chain and Warehouse Management (NIDM, Islamabad)	Federal, Provincial ministries/organizations and District line departments	28 – 29
May 2015			
35.	Chemical Disaster Mitigation and Response (NIDM, Islamabad)	Federal, Provincial ministries/organizations and District line departments	12 – 14
36.	DRM – Islamabad	Provincial ministries/organizations and District dept.	26 – 28
June 2015			
37.	Industrial hazard mitigation (NIDM, Islamabad)	Federal, Provincial ministries/organizations and District line departments	9 – 11
38.	Climate Risk Management (NIDM, Islamabad)	Federal, Provincial ministries/organizations and District line departments	23 – 24

PAKISTAN METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT

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Introduction

Pakistan Meteorological Department (PMD) is both a scientific and a service department, and functions under the Cabinet Secretariat (Aviation Division). It is responsible for providing meteorological service throughout Pakistan to wide variety of interest and for numerous public activities and projects which require weather information. In its services to aviation the department's responsibility goes to some extent beyond national boundaries in fulfillment of accepted international agreements and obligations which include among other things, the collection and rebroadcast of meteorological data.

Apart from meteorology, the department is also extending services in the fields of Agro meteorology, Drought Monitoring, Hydrology, Astronomy and Astrophysics, Seismology, Geomagnetism, and studies on Renewable Energies Resource potential across various parts of the country. Pakistan Meteorological Department shoulders the responsibility to investigate the factors responsible for global warming, climate change its impact assessment and adaptation strategies in various sectors of human activities.

Services:

- A network of observing stations to generate meteorological, geophysical and phonological data.
- Aeronautical forecasts and warning services for civil aviation, PAF, Army, Navy and other users.
- Flood forecast and warning services.

- Safety of civil aviation operations, VVIP flights and marine activities.
- Farmer's weather bulletin and warning services.
- Marine meteorological forecasts and warning services .
- Air pollution monitoring services.
- Research activities Meteorology Climatology, Hydrology, Oceanography, Atmospheric physics, Environmental pollution, Geophysics.
- Agriculture Meteorology (Agro-meteorological services).
- Training in Meteorology and Geophysics.
- Early warning of natural hazards due to Meteorological, Hydrological & Geophysical Phenomena such as Tropical Cyclones, Heavy Rains, Floods & Earthquakes etc.
- Socio-Economic Development of the country based on climatic and agro-climatic potentials of different areas.
- Boosting-up of Agricultural Productivity of the country by providing Agro-met services to the farming community.
- To investigate the behavior of the atmosphere and exploiting this knowledge for short and long term weather predictions.
- A telecommunication system for speedy dissemination of data.
- Meteorological offices to analyze data for issuing forecasts and warnings for aviation, agriculture, shipping, sports, irrigation etc.
- Issuance of Astoro information like sighting of moon, solar and lunar eclipses (Astronomical information services).
- Climatological and data processing units for scrutinizing, comparing and publishing data for appraisal of long term weather trends and earthquakes.
- Weather forecasting services to public through electronic & print news media.

PAKISTAN NUCLEAR REGULATORY AUTHORITY (PNRA)

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Introduction

Under the Pakistan Nuclear Regulatory Authority Ordinance, 2001, the Pakistan Nuclear Regulatory Authority (PNRA) was established in 2001 as an independent regulatory body to regulate and supervise all matters related to the safety of nuclear and radiation facilities in the country. The main objective of PNRA is ensuring protection against risks arising from ionizing radiations, ensuring existence and implement-ability of appropriate emergency preparedness and physical protection measures for the facilities and fixing the extent of civil liability for nuclear damage resulting from any nuclear accident. In order to perform its functions, PNRA is empowered to formulate and implement regulations related to radiation protection, nuclear safety and physical protection, issue licenses and authorizations for facilities and activities involving ionizing radiation, and carry out regulatory oversight to verify compliance with the regulations, conditions of the authorization and directives issued by the Authority.

The aim of PNRA is to become a world class regulatory body with highly trained, competent and dedicated personnel working in unison with a zeal to foster a positive safety culture in their licensees and regulate nuclear facility to protect the public, workers and environment from the harmful effects of radiation in a manner that wins the confidence of all the stake holders.

The Authority has established a Nuclear Security Emergency Co-ordination Centre (NuSECC) at its headquarters to coordinate with

national response organizations in handling radiological incidents/emergencies in the country. The center possesses a toll free number **0800 777 66** which is manned round the clock to assess the information received from national response organizations about radiological emergencies.

PNRA has also established a network of six (06) incident/emergency mobile labs stationed at Islamabad, Peshawar, Kundian, Multan, Quetta and Karachi. These mobile labs are capable for the detection and monitoring of radioactive materials in case of emergencies and provide technical support.

All nuclear installations in the country are regulated by PNRA. The regulatory processes ensure that PNRA oversees the facilities' compliance with regulatory requirements, license conditions and approved documents throughout their lives starting from site registration to decommissioning. The authorization and licensing of nuclear installations is a multi-stage process which includes Site Registration, Construction License, Fuel Load Permit, and Operating License. At each stage, the licensee is subjected to certain generic and specific conditions that are to be complied with during the authorized period. The licensee has to submit a number of documents at each stage of the licensing process. All these submissions are thoroughly reviewed and verified by PNRA in order to ensure that the requirements of relevant regulations and other regulatory commitments are fulfilled by the applicant/licensee.

Nuclear and radiation facilities are designed and operated by maintaining a very high level of safety with advanced engineered safety features to prevent accidents. Strict regulatory control is exercised throughout the life of such facilities. Nevertheless, the probability of accidents, although quite low as compared to conventional industries, cannot be entirely ruled out. This necessitates preparedness to respond to and mitigate the consequences of any incident that might occur at nuclear or radiation facilities affecting workers, the public or the environment.

PNRA is obliged under the Pakistan Nuclear Regulatory Authority Ordinance, 2001 to ensure preparation and implementation of emergency plans for actions to be taken by the relevant onsite and

offsite authorities following a nuclear or radiological emergency. PNRA is the national contact point of coordination for dealing with radiation emergencies both domestic and abroad. PNRA has the responsibility to advice the federal or provincial government departments on matters related to protective actions that needs to be taken during radiation emergencies.

PNRA has established a National Radiation Emergency Coordination Center (NRECC) at PNRA HQ, Islamabad which is operated on 24/7 basis. This center is in continuous liaison with Nuclear Power Plants, International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), regional offices of PNRA and other national organization. PNRA has emergency mobile labs for assessment of radiation emergencies. These mobile labs are equipped with radiation detection equipment, personal protective equipment and communication equipment. PNRA has trained officers and staff with expertise in radiation emergency preparedness and response.

PNRA is also providing trainings to national response organizations such as Police, Fire Brigade, Rescue-1122, Customs, Airport Security Force, Medical Doctors, users of radiation sources and scrap dealers etc. on radiation emergency preparedness and response. PNRA is conducting a public awareness program for students of academic institutions and general public through providing lectures and printed material like brochures and leaflets for their understanding about hazards of ionizing radiation and to protect themselves during radiation emergencies.

PAKISTAN VILLAGE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM (PVDP)

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Introduction

Pakistan Village Development Programme (PVDP) is a Non-Governmental Organization registered under Societies Act 1860 (Reg. No. 3226/5/2813). The organization since its establishment in 1999, works for the "Promotion just a civil society by harnessing the creative energies of poor and underprivileged". This aim is achieved with the close collaboration of partner communities and development organizations through a participatory, demand responsive, gender and poverty sensitive integrated development approach in the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, FATA & AJK. PVDP interventions mainly focus on achievements in domains/program areas including, human & Institutional Development, Education, Primary/Reproductive Health Care, HRs and WES.

Geographic Focus: In Human and Institutional Development, and HR advocacy the geographic focus is local to national level. While PVDP sectoral programmatic interventions are implemented in the central, southern and northern districts of KP, AJK and FATA. The focused districts include Peshawar, Charsadda, Buner, Dir, Swat, Kohat, Karak, Mansehra, Shangla, Battagram, Kohistan, Bagh, Kahota and Muzaffarabad. Activities in FATA are implemented directly and through a network of local partners in Khybar, Mohmand and Kurram Agency.

Operational Core:

This level of management comprise Project Managers and Team Leaders who provide overall technical assistance and guidance to the

field team to facilitate them in the quantitative and qualitative achievements of program objectives at the field level.

Legal Status of the Organization:

PVDP is registered as non-profit non-governmental organization in 1999 under the Societies Act 1860 with registration No. 3226/5/2813. PVDP has also been certified by PCP (PCP Registration No. PCP-2005/0050).

5. PVDP Mission and Mandate:

"Building a just civil society by harnessing the creative energies of poor and underprivileged."

PVDP Objectives:

- Support and develop replicable models of and strategies for sustainable development based on community participation and local resource mobilization.
- Support initiatives for sustainable community based, gender sensitive development with particular focus on; drinking water supply, environmental sanitation, education, agriculture, health & nutrition, and micro credit & enterprise.
- To encourage, build and strengthen the technical and management capacity of development organizations (CBOs, NGOs and government line departments) to ensure sustainability of development initiatives,
- To create linkages between different stakeholders including development organizations (private & public) for sustainable development.
- **Summary of Current and accomplished Projects and Funding Sources:** A brief overview of PVDP ongoing projects and programs is given below:

Sr.#	Project/Program	Duration	Partner
1	Livelihood Program in Early recovery and rehabilitation/Sustainable Livelihood Program Nowshera	April 2011 to Dec 2015	Trocaire
2	Gen Child Protection Project Kohat & Hangu (Host Communities)	May 2014 to Nov 2014	UNOCHA
3	Child Protection Project Togh Sareh Camp Hangu	April 2014 to Oct, 2014	UNICEF
4	WASH in early recovery and rehabilitation Kohat	May, 2013 to Jan 30, 2014	NCA
5	Child Protection in IDPs Camps Sadda Kurram Agency	April 2014 to Oct, 2014	UNICEF
6	Gender Based Violence Swat	Jun 2012 to May 2015	Trocaire

Project/Program Completed So far;

Sr.#	Project/Program	Duration	Partner
1	Swat Kohistan Education Program (SKEP) in Swat	1999 to 2008	CHIP, USAID/ESSRA and CRS
2	Life skills based education for schools and madaris students in Peshawar	2002-2010	WPF and NACP
3	Bunir Girls Education Program	2002-2008	CHIP-Muslim Care
4	Facilitating Sustainable Behavioral Change Regarding HIV& AIDS at District (s) Peshawar, Kohat and Hangu	2001-2005	CRS/Pakistan
5	HIV&AIDS Prevention and Care	2002-2003	AusAID
6	HIV&AIDS Awareness raising among Madaris Youth at Peshawar City	2005-2007	PNAC/IWW/EU
7	The PLHIV care & support program at District Kohat and Karak	2007-2008	Muslim Care/CHIP
8	Sensitization of Madaris students and out of school youth	Six Months (2004)	UNICEF
9	Community WES Project at Town -1 Peshawar	2003-2004	UNICEF

10	Human & Institutional Development Project (Integrated Community Based Projects at District (s) D.I. Khan, Bannu, Dir, Swat, Bunir including Khyber, Mohmand and Kurum agencies;	2000-2006	CHIP
11	Integrated Women Development Initiatives	2003-2005	CIDA
12	Facilitating extremely vulnerable individuals at District Peshawar	2003-2004	ICMC
13	Community WES program at university campus and father colony Peshawar	2000-2001	Peshawar Diocese
14	Maternal & Child Health Care plus EPI project at District Charssada	2007	UNICEF
15	Canadian fund for local initiatives (CFLI) at District Swat	2005-2006	CIDA
16	Adolescent Reproductive Health and Basic Health Care at District Swat	2002-2003	WPF
Program/Project accomplished at the earthquake affected areas;			
16	Improve Quality Education and increased enrollment at District (s) Mansehra, Muzafarabad and Forward Kahota	2006-2008	UNICEF
17	Construction of Transitional Shelters at Muzafarabad	2007-2008	UNICEF
18	Installation of tented schools at Mansehra soon after earthquake	2005-2006	CRS/UNICEF
19	Reconstruction of semi-permanent schools at district Mansehra	2006-2007	Dutch Support Group
20	Maternal & Child Health Care project Balakot	2006-2008	UNICEF

21	Community WES and School WES at District Mansehra, Battagram and Bagh Musafarabad	2006-2008	UNICEF NCA
22	Improved Livelihood production in Battal	2006-2007	PCP/Give2asia
Emergency Response Programs			
23	Provision of Non Food Items, Food Items ,Medical Assistance(RH), include women protection	2008	CIDA
24	Child Protection Camps and Bunner	2008-2009	UNICEF
25	Gender Protection	2009	UNFPA
26	Provision of Non Food Items, Food Items ,Medical Assistance(RH), include protection	2009 and 2010	NCA
27	Provision of Non Food Items, Food Items ,Medical Assistance(RH), include protection	2009 and 2010	Trocaire
28	Water Sanitation	2009	NCA
29	Livelihood support	2009	Trocaire

PARTICIPATORY RURAL DEVELOPMENT SOCIETY (PRDS)

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Introduction

Participatory Rural Development Society (PRDS) is a non-profit, non-governmental and non-political Humanitarian Relief and Social Development Organization working to help all affected by Disasters, Emergencies and Conflicts and Poverty in Pakistan. The Organization was established in 2004 and registered under section 20 of Societies Registration Act, 1860 in 2008.

Vision

PRDS vision is a self-sustaining, just peaceful and tolerant society.

A. PRDS Mission Statement

Serve People, alleviate Poverty, and eradicate insecurity.

B. Our Philosophy

Total Excellence

C. Our Culture

A culture of Continuous Improvement, Involvement and Empowerment

D. PRDS Programme Objectives:

PRDS aims to achieve objectives in the following three main thematic areas through various initiatives:

Sustainable Development

- To build common perception in favor of a new development approaches through sensitization and human & institutional

development (HID) at grassroots level.

2. To provide clean water, environmental sanitation, hygiene education, health, formal and non-formal education, irrigation channels, community physical infrastructure schemes etc.; to the vulnerable communities of remote areas of FATA and elsewhere in KP.
3. To empower women community of KP and FATA through literacy and vocational skills and make them useful and earning members of their families and society.
4. To address the problems associated with street children and to endeavor for the reduction of child labour by providing children with education and skills enhancement opportunities.

Disaster Management:

5. Develop and implement Relief, Early Recovery, Rehabilitation, Reconstruction and Livelihoods Recovery programmes and Emergency projects (Wash, Emergency Education, Shelter and NFI, Emergency Food security and Livelihoods and Community Infrastructure) to assist peoples and communities hit by natural disasters and conflicts in Khyber Pakhtun Khwa and FATA

Awareness and Capacity Building

Raising awareness about gender equity and fundamental rights of the people especially women and children.

E. Working Area

PRDS have deep grass root level community interaction throughout KPK and FATA and well inform about the traditional norms and culture of these societies and is therefore, competent enough to implement developmental and humanitarian programs in the region.

F. Work Approaches

1. Social Mobilization and Community Organization
2. Capacity Building & Skill Development
3. Community Development and Natural Resource Management

4. Disaster risk reduction
5. Advocacy, Behavior Change and Media Communication

G. PRDS Sectors of Interventions & Competency

Owing to PRDS capacity and technical abilities the organization focuses three primary areas of interventions including:

- Sustainable Development
- Emergency Response and Disaster Management
- Awareness and Capacity Building

The above primary sectors are further distinctively subdivided into 14 sub categories or key areas of interventions:

Sub Sectors of Interventions and Competency

- WASH
- Livelihoods and Food Security
- Community Infrastructure
- DRR and DRM
- Health
- Education & Literacy
- Renewable Energy
- NRM-Agriculture & Livelihood Development
- Gender
- Slavery and Servitude
- Social Cohesion and Protection
- Social Mobilization and Human Institutional Development
- Awareness , Research and Development

PROVINCIAL DISASTER MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY (PDMA)-KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA

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Establishment of PDMA

As a sequel to the devastating earthquake of 8 October 2005, the National Disaster Management Ordinance was promulgated with a view to establish and regulate an enhanced and progressive Disaster Management Framework at the National, Provincial and Local level for disaster mitigation, preparedness and response. The NDMO provided the establishment of a Provincial Disaster Management Commission (PDMC) as well as Authority (PDMA) to cope with the challenges of Disaster Management in a professional and efficient manner. Both the Organizations have been mandated to effectively set up a system to look after disasters and calamities whether natural, man induced or accidents. The Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa has established a Provincial Disaster Management Commission (PDMC) as well as a Provincial Disaster Management Authority (PDMA) on 27 October 2008, to promote enhanced disaster preparedness and management within the province. The establishment of PMDC and PDMA is based on the National Disaster Management Ordinance (NDMO) of 23rd December 2006 which forms the legal basis for the implementation of the National Disaster Management Framework (NDMF) provided by the National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA). Previously the Provincial Relief Commissionerate had been responsible for the relief, compensation and rehabilitation of people affected by natural disasters. With the establishment of PDMA, the functions of the Relief Commissionerate have been incorporated into the new Organization.

Vision

A Disaster Resilient Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Mission

To minimize disaster risks within Khyber Pakhtunkhwa through formulation of comprehensive DRM strategies and their effective and efficient implementation.

Functions of PDMA

PDMA Khyber Pakhtunkhwa is responsible for Disaster Risk Management. It formulates policies of disaster risk management, mitigation and preparedness and hazard risk reduction. It coordinates and communicates with all stakeholders (Federal Government, District Government, INGOs, and IPs) before and after a disaster for preparedness and response. PDMA provides relief to disaster affected population of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. It helps in the Recovery and Rehabilitation of affected communities. It handles the crises of IDPs and manages the camps established for displaced population. It also works on Reconstruction and Development projects in the affected areas for the restoration of life in hazard stricken areas. PDMA acts as Donor's facilitation and coordination desk, while, it coordinates with donors for relief and rehabilitation on behalf of Provincial Government.

RAHNUMA-FAMILY PLANNING ASSOCIATION OF PAKISTAN

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Our Vision

Rahnuma – FPAP to lead a right based movement wing the ICPD holistic development paradigm which strengthens family well being, enables empowerment of women, supports youth and protects children.

Our Mission

Rahnuma _ FPAP is committed to:-

- Promoting Family Planning and and Reproductive Health as a basic human right.
- Providing sustainable and quality and reproductive health through government, NGOs and civil society.
- Improving the quality of life of the poor and marginalized.

Introduction

Rahnuma started serving poor and marginalized people of Pakistan as the Family Planning Association of Pakistan (FPAP) way back in 1553, as one of the pioneers in providing family planning services and advocating for the small family norm. The government later embraced the cause by establishing the Ministry of Population Welfare. In about a decade, Rahuma- FPAF had grown up from one-room operation at Karachi, Lahore and Dhaka to an infrastructure of district branches with model clinics and information centers extending the message to men and women. It expanded its work through community based infrastructure by establishing the family welfare centers in peri-urban and rural areas. Now the organization has the biggest infrastructure by

an NGO in Pakistan, which consists of the Family Welfare Centers, Family Health Hospitals, Focus Area programs and a wide network of referrals from the private practitioners. Rahnuma – FPAP has also pioneered in the concepts of social marketing of contraceptives, family welfare centers and reproductive health services.

As the organization has celebrated over fifty years of momentous achievements and encouraging history, its name did not reflect the scope of its work. So FPAP renamed itself to “Rahnuma”, which means a guide for development and prosperity. The change in name and logo was an outcome of a management review, in which a comprehensive analysis of management and human resource was done to enhance the organizational capacity for meeting Currently, Rahnuma is working on its strategic framework of 5 A'S that include: Adolescents and catering to their need: combating HIV/AIDS: minimizing the risk of unsafe Abortion: increasing Access to services, particularly for the poor and the marginalized: and Advocacy for the Rights.

RELIEF INTERNATIONAL (RI)-PAKISTAN

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Introduction

Relief International (RI) began its work in Pakistan in October 2005 after the massive earthquake in Khyber Pakhtoonkhwa (KPK) and Azad Jammu & Kashmir (AJK). Relief International immediately deployed an emergency relief team to Pakistan within hours of the earthquake, distinguishing Relief International as one of the first organizations to provide emergency assistance in Pakistan. Relief International continues to have a strong presence and invested relationship with the country today, particularly in terms of flood response programs in the aftermath of the July 2010 flooding.

To date, more than 20 million people have been affected by the severe flooding in Pakistan - a number greater than the total affected by the 2004 Indian Ocean tsunami, the 2005 northern Pakistan earthquake and the 2010 Haiti earthquake, COMBINED. More than 893,000 households have been damaged or destroyed. These families have lost everything, and yet the rains and the devastation continue. Relief International's teams provide clean water, food, shelter, hygiene kits, emergency medical supplies and health services to 100,000 families in Khyber Pakhtoonkhwa (KPK), Baluchistan and Punjab provinces.

Our Philosophy:

RI dedicates itself to seeking and addressing the long-term developmental needs of its beneficiaries even while in the emergency phase. The agency recognizes that disasters have the most negative

impact on the lives of the poor; yet disasters, and especially the movement of the populations, can also bring about unexpected, positive social change. This context can therefore serve as a window of opportunity for eradicating poverty and social injustice.

Emergency, Health and Sanitation

Relief International focuses on serving people who typically have not received due attention, and in several large-scale crises Relief International has been the first US-based agency to provide high-impact development emergency programming to communities in need. Relief International believes that as a humanitarian agency one of its main functions is to communicate the pronounced needs of the vulnerable and affected populations to the international community. Relief International thus consults closely with the local communities it serves in order to ensure that its programs do not impose solutions from the outside but rather address their needs and requirements for the long term. This grassroots approach proves effective in fostering an environment of self-help and sustainability.

Relief International meets the immediate needs of victims of natural disasters and civil conflicts worldwide with the provision of food rations, clean water, non-food items, transitional shelter and emergency medical services. Beyond emergency situations, Relief International's field teams provide long term health and nutrition services to communities in need by operating clinics and training health workers. Relief International also provides water and sanitation programming, providing communities with access to clean water, decreasing the incidence of communicable diseases, and improving quality of life.

Food and Agriculture

Relief International's food and agriculture programming embraces environmental awareness by incorporating climate change, natural resource management, and conservation principles into projects that improve global food security. By increasing communities' knowledge of sound agricultural methods suitable to the regional landscape, cultural needs, and environment concerns, Relief International empowers farmers how to diversify viable crops, make the best use of the local growing season, and preserve local natural resources. The

result is communities that can produce nutritious food for themselves in a sustainable way.

Education and Empowerment

Education is vital to the social and economic integration of future generations. Relief International places a significant focus on this sector to ensure that children affected by conflict can continue to pursue their education. Programs include a wide range of activities: teacher training programs, building libraries and Internet centers, providing books and classroom furniture to under-resourced schools, and promoting equal access to education. These programs also empower youth through service learning and leadership training to become active in their communities and act as agents for change.

Livelihood and Enterprise

Finding new or better work is the most direct path out of poverty for families in need. Relief International facilitates this process by providing vocational training, offering microfinance opportunities, and developing promising value chains. As a result of these efforts, farmers in Tanzania can get their crops to market before they spoil and women in Afghanistan can earn an income to support their families. These programs are aimed at long-term, reliable growth, and Relief International often engages private sector partners to leverage additional resources and guarantee sustainability.

Shelter and Infrastructure

When natural disasters destroy housing or conflict forces families to flee their homes, Relief International provides for temporary and permanent shelter. Relief International also contributes to local infrastructure by building schools, irrigation canals, and community centers in impoverished communities. Relief International supports training for local residents so that they can participate in the construction process, creating livelihood opportunities for community members. Complementary programs help make homes safer and more comfortable by promoting products like high-efficiency cook stoves, which decrease indoor air pollution and reduce the need to gather fuel.

Protection of Human Rights

Millions of individuals worldwide face discrimination, persecution, and even violence. Relief International is on the forefront of implementing programs to protect and support these individuals and encourage peace through nonviolent conflict resolution. The result is programming that provides legal-assistance, fights trafficking in persons, promotes media and journalism, and encourages democratic governance. The rights of women and girls are a critical issue in this sector, and are incorporated in many of Relief International's programs. Relief International's approach to civil society development emphasizes cross-cultural understanding and empowerment of vulnerable and under-represented members of society.

SKY GREEN ENGINEERING (PVT.) LTD

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Introduction

Sky Green Engineering is a private limited company engaged in the production of affordable Solar Tube Wells, Home, Commercial & Industrial Solutions Solar Power Engineering, Systems and Projects, Services at Nowshera, KPK, FATA, Baluchistan, Sindh, Punjab, AJK and GB.

Product Range

- Solar Water Pumping Systems AC & DC submersible & surface mounted solar pumps for drinking, irrigation, orchards, green houses (with total head of over 1000 ft and discharge of 100 to 250,000 Gallons Per Day).
- Solar Home & Commercial Solutions
- AC & DC appliances, energy saving bulbs, tube lights, spot & flood lights, LED lights, torches, lanterns, fans pedestal & ceiling, room coolers etc.
- Solar DC Freezer & Fridge 45 to 318 Liters
- Solar Air Conditioners, AC/DC, 0.75T to 1.5T, Cooling/Heating modes.
- Solar Geysers (90-300 Liters), Solar/Hybrid with electric heating rod.
- Solar LED Street Lights

- Solar powered outdoor lights, bill boards, sign boards, trafficsignals etc.

Our Services:

- Consulting, Engineering, Design
- Turnkey Project Management & Site Execution
- Site survey & Assessment
- Installation & Commissioning
- After Sales & Support

SKE also deals in

- Pumps for drinking water supply, irrigation, waste water, dewatering, Mining, Industrial applications.
 - Diesel and Gas Generators
 - Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) Systems
 - Voltage Stabilizers
 - LV and MV Motors
- Switchgear, electrical protection and control systems

SOCIETY FOR HUMAN RIGHTS AND PRISONERS AID (SHARP)

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Introduction

Society for Human Rights and Prisoners Aid (SHARP), is a Non-Profitable, Non-Political and Non-Governmental Organization (NGO) registered with the Voluntary Social Welfare Agencies, Islamabad Capital Territory under Registration and Control Ordinance 1961 (XLVI of 1961). It got Registration No. VSWA/ICT/300 on 11th March 1999. Its Headquarters is based at Islamabad while it has field offices in Punjab, Sindh and KPK.

SHARP owes its existence to the concerted efforts by a group of dedicated Lawyers having strong conviction in Human Rights standards set forth in the 1948 Universal Declaration of Human Rights. These Lawyers laid down the foundation of SHARP in 1998 under the dynamic leadership of Syed Liaqat Banori - a renowned Advocate and acclaimed Human Rights activist. Since then SHARP is actively engaged in promoting awareness and advocating about Human Rights to secure the wellbeing, freedom and dignity of the people. Under this domain, it has been rendering its services particularly to women, children, prisoners and refugees. SHARP is right base Organization and it focused on protection and free legal aid and assistance

Mission Statement: "To strive for a Human Rights Friendly Pakistan"

Vision: the spirit of activism identifies core interventions and mutual

beneficial complementary roles bring us closer to other major groups working towards a friendly Pakistan. However within this similarity there is a unique distinction to our work, primarily attributable to our philosophy and approach. As an NGO SHARP works for the rights of vulnerable segments of the society and envisage a human rights friendly Pakistan.

All initiatives of SHARP focus on ensuring equal opportunities for the deprived segments of the society through improved access to justice. As a strategy SHARP concentrates on building capacities, ensuring promotion of human rights and access to justice by developing a linkages and reducing the gap between the deprived sections of the society and government institutions like law enforcement agencies, police, judiciary, government machinery etc that are responsible for providing justice and rights to the poor and needy segments of the society.

Operational Strategy:

SHARP recognizes the current Human Rights state in Pakistan has developed a three pronged strategy to deal with the adverse social and legal situation in Pakistan, such as:

- Providing direct legal services to the less fortunate members of the society
- Developing a strong chain of liaison with various organizations.
- Arranging workshops, trainings and seminars as to spread awareness about the Human Rights to educate the masses

Geographical Coverage: SHARP is currently working in three provinces i.e. Sindh, KPK, Punjab and in the Federal Capital Islamabad of Pakistan. Its Headquarters is based at Islamabad while it has branches in Lahore, Karachi, Peshawar, Mianwali, Kohat Mardan and Haripur.

Aims and Objectives:

1. To create awareness about the basic fundamental human rights guided by the UN Resolutions for upholding human rights and bring awareness to the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948.

2. To eradicate injustice from the society and provide measures of justice through legal advices and counsels. To work for legal empowerment of general masses and particularly the impoverished segments of society like women, children, refugees, prisoners and labors / workers and general public affected by natural disasters, i.e. earthquake, floods and accidents, etc.
3. Lobbying with government and other stakeholders to make child rights a priority issue and develop legal and institutional mechanism. So that all children will learn, grow and develop to realize their full potential. To provide moral support to the plight of juvenile prisoners detained at various jails throughout the country.
4. To create awareness among the educated, intellectuals, academia, judiciary, administration and law enforcement about the international legal instruments governing human rights, rights of refugees and internally displaced persons. To organize training workshops on "Streamlining Civil Society Participation to Promote Works Rights and insurance their security.
5. To establish a proper network of technically trained Human Rights Lawyers as "Attorneys of Human Rights" who can support the disadvantaged groups through legal assistance. To work for law reforms where any law is found to be unfair or discriminatory. To augment advocacy campaign for legislation, rule of law and access to justice in the areas where there is lack of laws to deal with the issues relating to human rights.
6. In collaboration/cooperation with international organizations work for the reduction and ultimately elimination of evil practice of human trafficking. To routinely visit jails throughout Pakistan and asses the facilities provided to the prisoners and provide them free legal aid. To provide "free legal aid" services to the refugees and "asylum seekers" in different courts in Pakistan.

7. To provide free legal aid to the deserving prisoners and services to the refugees and Asylum seekers in Pakistan.
8. To suggest preventive measures, safety purposes and policy recommendation against HIV AIDS and HEPATITIS through awareness by print and mass media campaign.
9. To organize teams of volunteers in order to deal with any unforeseen catastrophe and develop a mechanism to provide relief and rehabilitation services to the communities. To empower community at grass root level through participatory approach and open discussions.
10. In accordance with the "Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW)" of 1996, create empowerment awareness among the women through seminars, workshops, symposium, print and mass media. In light of international conventions and protocols, create awareness about Gender Discrimination & Sexual Harassment among the general public.

Partnerships with other Organizations

- UNHCR: Providing legal assistance as part of international protection to the refugees and asylum seekers in Pakistan as well as IDPs since 2001.
- German Embassy: since 2013 for the rights and education of Juvenile Prisoners
- ISCOS-CISL: Strengthening Civil Society Participation to Promote and Defend Workers' Rights.
- EC: Reducing Street / Child labor from the country.
- UNICEF: Polio campaign in Islamabad.
- DFID / World Bank: Elimination of the HIV / AIDS epidemic.

PAKISTAN SPACE AND UPPER ATMOSPHERE RESEARCH COMMISSION (SUPARCO)

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SUPARCO, the national space agency, was established in 1961 as a Committee and was granted the status of a Commission in 1981. SUPARCO is mandated to conduct R&D in space science, space technology, and their peaceful applications in the country. SUPARCO is committed to enhance research and development in space sciences and allied fields and to enhance indigenous capabilities in Space Technology and to promote its peaceful application in socio-economic development of our country as well as national security.

SUPARCO's vision is to *"Build, launch and operate communication, remote sensing, weather, and navigation satellites and develop their applications and spin-off technologies for national security and socio economic development"*.

SUPARCO is actively involved in the applications of Satellite Remote Sensing (SRS) data since 1972 and established its own Satellite Ground Station (SGS) at Islamabad in August 1989. The acquisition zone of SGS covers a radius of 2500km with the epicenter at Islamabad. The station is capable of acquiring satellite imagery from a number of satellites offering unsurpassed acquisition, frequent revisit capacity and a ground resolution. In addition SUPARCO provides Geographical Information Systems (GIS) based solutions in a host of application areas such as agriculture, forestry, land use planning & management, GIS telecom, geology, disaster management & mitigation, environment, hydrology, civil engineering, rural & urban sprawl, gas & oil pipeline planning, highway planning, project monitoring etc. SGS Islamabad is **ISO 9001:2000** certified.

The principal objectives of Space Research Program being executed by SUPARCO are;

- To promote peaceful applications of Space Science and related technologies, particularly in the areas which are of direct concern to Pakistan
- To liaison with national and international agencies and organizations in the matters connected with or related to Space Science and Space Technology; and
- To aid Government of Pakistan on designing of Geographical Information Systems in the country.

KEY FUNCTIONS

- Undertake research and conduct pilot studies based on the applications of Satellite Remote Sensing (SRS) data and Geographical Information System (GIS) technology to natural resources surveying, mapping and environmental monitoring.
- Undertake research studies in space and atmospheric sciences including satellite meteorology, satellite radiance, troposphere/stratosphere studies, atmospheric pollution, satellite geodesy and astronomy.
- Undertake research studies relating to the ionosphere and associated radio wave propagation and geomagnetism.
- Development, design, fabrication, assembly, and launching of:
 - Communication satellites for voice, video, Direct-to-home TV broadcast services and digital data transfers.
 - Earth observation satellites for various scientific/technological applications.
 - Sounding rockets for upper and middle atmospheric research.
- Establishment and operation of ground receiving stations for:
 - Acquisition of SRS data for earth resources surveying, mapping and environmental monitoring studies.
 - Acquisition of data for atmospheric/meteorological studies.
 - Transmitting and receiving signals from communication

satellites.

- Reception of signals from ships, boats and vehicles in distress under the satellite-aided search and rescue COSPAS-SARSAT programme.
- Establishment and operation of facilities for tracking satellites/rockets to determine their orbital parameters, trajectories, etc.
- Development of instrumentation for various scientific and technological experiments.
- Development of software for different functions.
- Establishment of National Center for Remote Sensing and Geoinformatics (NCRG) for the Capacity Building of the users in the areas of Remote Sensing, GIS, Photogrammetry, Databases, GIS based software Customization, and GPS.

THE NGO WORLD

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Introduction:

“THE NGO WORLD” (TNW) was initiated as an online forum of NGO sector professionals for sharing activities, knowledge, best practices, success stories, case studies, job & training opportunities and achievements. During 2010 TNW started humanitarian operations and started managing development projects by getting registered as The NGO World Foundation (briefly called TNW Foundation).

The NGO World has achieved the ISO 9001:2008 accreditation for quality management system.

TNW joins hands with Government Functionaries, Line Departments, INGOs, UN Agencies & other key Aid agencies besides drawing its strength from communities' active involvement in need driven development process through a participatory development initiative & community based interventions etc. Within the limits of available resources TNW respond to human sufferings in emergency and disastrous situations anywhere all over the Pakistan regardless race, gender, ethnicity, class, location, religion, color, cultural diversity and social background; with special focus in the areas where the massive population living below the poverty line”. Since 2010 TNW has responded following disastrous situation in Pakistan.

Disaster	Province	Target Districts
Floods 2010	Punjab	Layyah, Muzaffargarh, Rajanpur
Heavy rains 2011	Sindh	Sangar (Shahdadpur)
Earthquake 2013	Balochistan	Awaran
IDPs Waziristan 2014	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa	Bannu
Floods 2014	Punjab	Multan, Jhang, Muzaffargarh

Distribution of relief goods: During the relief phase of 2010 floods, TNW distributed around **230,000** nonfood items among **7711** affected families on **72** affected locations of southern Punjab districts.

Restoring livelihood of carpet weavers: Floods 2010 Layyah: TNW successfully completed the project of rebuilding **100** sheds of carpet weaving units along with provision of accessories for selected un-affording beneficiaries and restored the livelihood of **400** families.

Clean drinking water for the victims: During the heavy 2010 Floods, with support of **WHO** (World Health Organization) TNW team took **250** water samples from the affected areas to assess the biological contamination in drinking water and 1000 were installed as a source to clean the available water and make that fit for health along with conducting awareness sessions about need and use of safe drinking water.

Rehabilitation of school: 2010 Flood completely devastated **22** NCHD Feeder Schools while eliminating and distorting educational services for **1225** boys & girls to avail education facility at their door step. TNW took the responsibility to rebuild these schools and revive education journey of the students of far off areas. Along with school building renovations & reconstruction, provision of furniture for teacher & students, stationary and bags was a major contribution.

Permanent shelter: Floods 2010, TNW designed two separate projects,

Two Rooms Houses: In Layyah TNW completed 30 homes for shelter less widows, orphans, disables or poor parents with large number of children particularly girls. These house are comprised of two

bedrooms, veranda, kitchen and a bathroom.

Single Room Houses: In this category TNW provided single room construction material to 100 affected families of Layyah and Muzaffargarh.

Free health camps: As regular activity TNW managed free medical camps for affected people during floods 2010 Punjab and rain flood 2011 in Sindh benefiting 1000s of patients with free check up and provision of medicines.

Psycho social care: In Layyah TNW with support of two organizations “HANDS” and “Basic Need” completed a project of providing psycho social care to the 100 mentally ill people due to disaster stress.

Support for livestock farmers: TNW distributed fodder seed for livestock farmers of Rajanpur. Seed of multi-cut grass (SSG) for 2000 acres was distributed among 1860 flood affected small livestock farmers.

Wheat flour distribution: Floods 2010, TNW distributed **15000** KG of wheat flour among **750** affected families.

Sharing eid greetings: TNW team celebrated Eid days among the disaster affected people to include them in happy moments of eid and distributed gifts among neglected segments of society especially women and children.

Place of peace: TNW has completed the reconstruction of Jamia Masjid in Basti Chan (Muzaffargarh) with 600 person's capacity to offer Salah safely. Kids of the area also attend their early lessons here. This Masjid was totally damaged during the heavy 2010 floods.

TNW awaran earthquake response: TNW actively participated the campaign for supporting earthquake victims of Awaran Balochistan. Especially in terms of reporting the losses & destruction, developing coordination & networking among aid workers, fundraising and relief item distribution.

Ramazan food gifts for IDPs: During the holy month of Ramazan Kareem 2014 TNW managed food items distribution at District Bannu where IDPs of North Waziristan were living in camps & with relatives. Here TNW distributed packages among 400 families who are displaced

from their homes since a month. Around 16 tonnes food was distributed.

Food packs for children: Floods 2014: As immediate response TNW distributed 1000 packs of food items among children. Containing 3000 packs of biscuits, 4000 milk packs and 1000 bottles of clean drinking water

Food Packs for victims of flood 2014: 500 food bags containing 16 essential food items were distributed to affected families during floods 2014 (muktan). Activity was in collaboration with Kawish Welfare Trust, Sigma motors and Banu Mukhtar.

Meat distribution: TNW is managing qurbani program regularly. Every year qurbani meat is distributed among disaster hit families. Since 2010 TNW provided meat gifts to more than 60,000 families.

Research study with SANDEE: TNW researcher conducted study on topic "Targeting and Distribution of Post-Flood aid in Punjab, Pakistan. A Critical analysis"

UNITED NATIONS FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION (FAO)

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Objective:

FAO activities in Pakistan are aimed at building bridges between emergency and development. FAO supports Government efforts to enable crisis-affected men and women to rapidly restore their agriculture-based livelihoods and to increase their resilience to future shocks and crises. Increasing emphasis is being placed on building the capacity of national actors and institutions and ensuring strong linkages with long-term development processes. FAO is also supporting Afghan Refugee Hosting Areas.

Main ongoing activities

- Recovery of agriculture based livelihoods in flood and conflict affected areas by enhancing crop productivity through provision of high quality agricultural/livestock inputs and promotion of recommended best practices to farmers;
- Expansion/rehabilitation of water/irrigation systems, through cash for work, to ensure water security and support local economy;
- Stimulating income generating activities (including alternative livelihoods, increasing farmers' role in the value chain) as a resilience building measure;
- Introduction of Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) technical solutions in flood prone areas (e.g.: flood resistant rice varieties, shorter cycle varieties, alternative crops like sunflower cultivation, raised bed platforms for livestock etc.); Integrating nutrition in agriculture and

establishment of kitchen gardens with nutrition awareness including best use of nutrients (cooking recipes, nutrition advice etc.);

- Protection of livelihood assets. FAO has been assisting the government of Pakistan in strengthening its capacities on early warning, control and contention of transboundary animal diseases, including for HPAI, FMD and PPR; (Vaccination of livestock of conflict affected areas of FATA against FMD and PPR)
- Generation of pragmatic evidence in a dynamic way, for informed disaster risk management needs through formulation of Hazard Livelihood Vulnerability Analysis (HLVs) for most hazard prone districts (HLVs under formulation are for the districts of Jaffarabad, Dadu and D.I.Khan and DG Khan in Baluchistan, Sindh, KPK and Punjab respectively)
- Institutionalizing appropriate community forest management and natural resource management practices that improve rural livelihoods and food security, and mitigate flash flood risks;
- Capacity-building of state institutions at the national, provincial and district levels, including DRM integration into the agriculture sector. Institutional Analysis to map DRM mainstreaming into agriculture and rural development sectors in Pakistan;
- Leading/facilitating coordination in the agriculture sector. Implementing food security related assessments: Livelihood Recovery Appraisal (LRA) of 2012 floods; Detailed Food Security Assessment in KP and FATA. Strengthening data collection and information dissemination;
- Monitoring the food security situation through the Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC). The second analysis has been finalized in all Provinces and the National Workshop will be held soon.
- Technical assistance to different institutions in crop reporting services including crop damage assessment.

Main beneficiaries

With current funding, around 140 000 vulnerable households will

directly receive relief assistance in 2014.

Funding (requirements and contributions)

Main areas of intervention, directly benefiting more than 140 000 households, include:

- Recovery of agriculture based livelihoods in flood and conflict affected areas through provision of agricultural inputs to farmers, enhancing crop productivity and promotion of best practices in crop production, stimulating income generating activities (including alternative livelihoods, increasing farmers' role in the value chain as a resilience building measure);
- Protection of livelihood assets (e.g. livestock)
- Introduction of DRR technical solutions in flood/drought prone areas;
- Integrating nutrition in agriculture;
- Capacity-building of state institutions at national, provincial and district level, including DRM integration into the agriculture sector;
- Institutionalizing appropriate natural resource management practices that improve rural livelihoods and food security, and mitigate flash flood risks;
- Leading/facilitating coordination in the food security and agriculture sector;
- Monitoring food security situation through the Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC).

Continuing support is needed for: immediate assistance and development support to displaced people and returnees in FATA, livestock and nutrition support to the drought affected areas of Sindh, promotion of effective DRR solutions, climate adaptation and institutional strengthening for disaster risk management in agriculture and food and nutrition security in order to diminish the damages and the excessive cost of relief and recovery.

UN-HABITAT PAKISTAN

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Introduction

The United Nations Human Settlements Programme, UN-HABITAT, is the United Nations agency for human settlements. It is mandated by the UN General Assembly to promote socially and environmentally sustainable towns and cities with the goal of providing adequate shelter for all.

UN-HABITAT plays an important role in providing technical assistance to countries and cities in the areas of governance, land and property rights, environmental management, disaster mitigation, post-conflict rehabilitation, urban safety, water management and poverty reduction. UN-HABITAT has over 150 technical programmes and projects working in normative and operational activities in over 60 countries. For more than 10 years, in support of the implementation of the Habitat Agenda, UN-HABITAT has been operating in humanitarian and crisis situations, supporting national governments, local authorities and civil society to strengthen their capacity to manage and recover from human-made and natural disasters and mitigate future disasters. The cornerstone of UN-HABITAT's strategy is sustainable relief and recovery leveraging investments in the emergency and recovery phases into the longer-term development of human settlements. Through participation at the earliest stages, UN-HABITAT ensures that human settlements interventions, either immediate emergency or transition recovery, are linked to longer-term development strategies in disaster hit countries.

In recognition of its contribution, in April 2004 UN-HABITAT was invited to bring to the Executive Committee for Humanitarian Affairs (ECHA) its perspectives and support to international interventions within the context of shelter and human settlements. In 2008 UN-HABITAT has been formally made a member of the International Agency Standing Committee (IASC) as the global focal point for housing, land and property rights.

Disaster Risk Management:

Disaster Risk Management was developed as a theme for the One UN Joint Programme in Pakistan in the context of the multiple and high natural hazards, the opportunity to contribute to the development of new national institutions, policies and plans, and to optimize the capitalization of lessons learned from the extensive experience in the recovery after the 2005 earthquake including mainstreaming, institutionalization and transfer of tools, resources and best practices from the temporary authority established to lead and manage the earthquake response ERRA (Earthquake Reconstruction and Rehabilitation Authority) to long term and national stakeholders including NDMA (National Disaster Management Authority).

All projects in the One UN Joint Programme for Disaster Risk Management are developed in collaboration with the National Disaster Management Authority.

UN-HABITAT supported the National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) of the Government of Pakistan following June 2007's flood by conducting damage assessments, formulating reconstruction policies, and assisting in mapping and information services.

Furthermore, UN-HABIAT has formulated, designed and disseminated several technical information tools and guidelines for safer reconstruction in disaster stricken areas.

UN-Habitat Pakistan Projects

- Pakistan Settlements Flood Recovery Project (Completed)
- Facilitating Return of IDPs through Rehabilitation of Community Infrastructure and Facilities (Completed)
- Community Driven Shelter Interventions in Sindh as response

- to Pakistan 2010 floods (Completed)
- Central Emergency Fund, Sindh as Response to 2011 Pakistan Floods (Completed)
- GIS Automation and Capacity building of Population Census Offices (Ongoing)
- Disaster Risk Management (Ongoing)
- Sanitary Workers Settlement (SWS), Rampura Muzaffarabad (Completed)
- Primary School Reconstruction in Muzaffarabad (Completed)
- Humanitarian Information and Coordination (Completed)
- Transitional Shelter Provision for Baluchistan Earthquake Victims (Completed)
- Shelter Assistance to IDPs Living Outside of Camps (Completed)
- Water and Sanitation Improvements in Informal Settlements (Completed)
- Sustainable Urbanization and Sustainable Energy Construction (Completed)
- Shelter Assistance to Returnees in Conflict-affected Areas in NWFP (Completed)
- Documenting and Communicating Results Achieved and Lessons Learnt in the Post 2005 Earthquake Rural Housing Reconstruction Programme (Completed)
- Reconstruction of Girls School in Swat District (Completed)
- Improving Living conditions of IDPs out off camps through WASH Interventions (Completed)
- Facilitating Access to Safer Land for Earthquake Victims (Completed)
- Strengthening Post-Earthquake Reconstruction (Completed)
- Joint UN Post-Disaster Assessment Mechanisms (Completed)
- Emergency Shelter Kit Procurement and Distribution

- (Completed)
- Post-Flood Information Management and Coordination (Completed)
- Facilitating Access to Land for Earthquake Affected Families (Completed)
- Technical and Training Support for the Earthquake Reconstruction and Rehabilitation Authority (Completed)
- Support to Spontaneous Shelter Recovery in Earthquake-affected Villages (Completed)

UNITED NATIONS OFFICE FOR THE COORDINATION OF HUMANITARIAN AFFAIRS (UNOCHA)

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Introduction

OCHA's involvement in Pakistan began in 1987, when an office was set up in Peshawar to support the organization's Afghanistan operations. This office was moved to Afghanistan in 2003. In 2005, an office was officially established in Pakistan to respond to the devastating earthquake in the north. OCHA's presence was scaled back in the ensuing years, but the organization re-established an office in 2009 to assist over 3 million people displaced by insecurity in the north-west.

When the monsoon floods struck in July 2010, OCHA established cluster-based coordination structures due to the scale of the emergency. OCHA established field coordination offices and extended its reach into the worst-affected districts. Devastating flooding reoccurred in August 2011 and in September 2012.

OCHA's Country Office is in Islamabad, and field offices are located in Peshawar, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP); Quetta, Balochistan; and Karachi, Sindh.

Current Focus

OCHA brings together humanitarian actors to ensure a coherent response to emergencies in Pakistan, and to establish a framework within which each actor can contribute to the overall response effort.

OCHA continues to deliver its core functions, such as operational coordination, humanitarian financing, advocacy and information

management, in response to humanitarian needs in Balochistan and Sindh, where flooding occurred in 2010, 2011 and 2012, and in KP and Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA), which have experienced a complex emergency since 2008.

Through knowledge sharing and training, OCHA also helps strengthen the capacity of national and international stakeholders to respond to emergencies.

Forward Strategy

Given the likely recurrence of natural disasters and crises in Pakistan, OCHA will work closely with the Government and humanitarian partners to ensure an effective response to future crises.

KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA WILDLIFE DEPARTMENT

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Introduction

KP Wildlife Department was notified as an attached Department in August, 1994, started as wing of Forest Department in 1975.

The Wildlife Department protects, preserves, conserves, and manages the Wildlife in the Province through a number of proactive measures. Community participation program which is one of the conservation tools has been effective in conserving Wildlife in different geographical areas of the Province.

Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Province supports rich biological diversity spreading throughout the province. The richness of fauna can be judged from the fact that 98 species of mammals, 456 species of birds and 48 species of reptiles are found in the province as compared to 188 species of mammals, 668 species of birds and 177 species of reptiles found in Pakistan

Objectives:

1. Assist the government in formulation of enabling policy, legislation and regulations for sustainable development and management of wildlife and biodiversity in the province.
2. Enforcement of the policy, legislation and regulation of the Govt regarding wildlife and biodiversity in the province.
3. Establishment and maintenance of protected areas of various

categories including national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, game reserves etc.

4. Maintain and promote the status of wildlife and biodiversity in the Province, both with in- situ and ex-situ conservation measures.
5. Serve as technical and focal department for the Government for the matters relating, to Wildlife and biodiversity in the Province.
6. Prepare, maintain and update wildlife data and state of affairs in the province.
7. Carry out conservation education and awareness raising regarding wildlife and biodiversity in the Province.
8. Develop human resource for promotion and sustainable management of wildlife and biodiversity in the Province.
9. Prepare and implement periodic and annual development plans for wildlife and biodiversity in the Province.
10. Assist the Government in implementing the biodiversity related Multi-lateral Environmental Treaties and Programs, ratified by the Government of Pakistan.
11. Maintain and promote working relationship with wildlife and biodiversity related national, regional and international organizations.
12. Carry out applied research for the protection and management of Wildlife and Biodiversity.
13. Promote collaboration with the local communities and other stakeholders in the conservation and management of wildlife and biodiversity in the Province.

Vison:

“Presence of viable populations of all the key species of wild animals, birds and reptiles alongwith their habitats and extensive network of Protected Areas representing all the ecosystems and species safeguarding and sustaining all the components of biological diversity as enshrined in UN Convention on biological Diversity (CBD) 1992”

Major Functions

- To enforce the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Wildlife (Protection, Preservation, Conservation and Management) Act of 1975 and the rules made there under.
- To conduct surveys of the wildlife and find the distribution and status of various species.
- To identify, notify and manage National Parks, Wildlife Parks, Wildlife Refuges, Wildlife Sanctuaries and Game Reserves.
- To monitor the wildlife population trends in the Province.
- To manage the wildlife resources so as to maintain a healthy population of all existing species and at the same time provides a sustained harvest for sport purposes.
- To conduct management oriented research.
- To replenish the depleted wildlife population through protection and/or reintroduction programs.

YOUTH PARTICIPTORY FORUM

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Introduction

YPF is a Non-governmental organization launched on December 5, 2012. The aim of this initiative is to educate the orphan children and Child Labor. This initiative also provides free health to its registered children/ Students.

Mission

To Provide Free education and Health to Poor and Orphans

Description

Youth Participatory Forum is the Forum taken by the student's group of Department of Social Work University of Peshawar.

Major Services of the Fourm include:

- Provision of free books, bags, stationary, uniform, shoes and monthly admission fee.
- Services to Internally Displaced Persons' Students in universities and colleges.
- Distribution of Food and Non-Food Items to underdeveloped children of marginalized communities.
- Cash distribution among talented children
- Arrangement of Enrolment Awareness Walk
- Awareness Session against Smoking
- Trainings on social actions



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